COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER FC16180

HALLEY INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2005

22/12/2006

COMPANIES HOUSE

Officers and professional advisers

The board of directors

Viscount Petersham

The Honourable W H L Stanhope

R Waddington

Company secretary

S J Morris

Registered office

Cedar House

41 Cedar Avenue

Hamilton Bermuda

Profit and loss account

Year ended 31 December 2005

		2005	2004
	Note	£	£
Turnover		5,000	4,000
Administrative expenses		(10,506)	(9,271)
Operating loss		(5,506)	(5,271)
Profit on disposal of fixed assets		_	13,278
		(5,506)	8,007
Interest receivable	3	43	67
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(9,555)	(9,555)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(15,018)	(1,481)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	5	-	-
Loss for the financial year		(15,018)	(1,481)

The accounting policies and notes on pages 4 to 9 form part of these unaudited financial statements.

Balance sheet

31 December 2005

	Note		2005 £		2004 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6		45,000		45,000
Investments	7		2,943,055		3,944,055
			2,988,055		3,989,055
Current assets					
Debtors	8	12,968		10,389	
Cash at bank		3,872		10,493	
		16,840		20,882	
Creditors: Amounts falling due		-			
within one year	9	(1,955,279)		(2,954,858)	
Net current liabilities			(1,938,439)		(2,933,976)
Total assets less current liabilities			1,049,616		1,055,079
Creditors: Amounts falling due after					
more than one year	10		(91,000)		(91,000)
			958,616		964,079
Capital and reserves	10		<i>(550</i>)		(750
Called-up equity share capital	13		6,750		6,750
Revaluation reserve	14		25,000		25,000
Profit and loss account	15		926,866		932,329
Shareholders' funds			958,616		964,079

These unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Section 700 of the Companies Act 1985 and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005).

These unaudited financial statements were approved by the directors on the 15 December 2006 and are signed on their behalf by:

www R

R Waddington

Director

The accounting policies and notes on pages 4 to 9 form part of these unaudited financial statements.

Accounting policies

Year ended 31 December 2005

Basis of accounting

The unaudited financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005).

Changes in accounting policies

In preparing the financial statements for the current year, the company has adopted the following Financial Reporting Standards:

Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

The Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005) adopts the presentation requirements of FRS 25 - Financial Instruments. The presentation requirements apply to the classification of financial instruments, from the perspective of the issuer, into financial assets, financial liabilities and equity instruments.

As a result, the preference shares have been re-classified as a liability rather than equity. This has resulted in a transfer of £91,000 from shareholders funds into long term liabilities in both the current year and the prior year.

Turnover

Turnover represents invoiced amounts for rents receivable during the year, excluding value added tax.

In respect of contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Investment properties

Investment properties are shown at their open market value. The surplus or deficit arising from the annual revaluation is transferred to the investment revaluation reserve unless a deficit, or its reversal, on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year.

This is in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities which, unlike Schedule 4 to the Companies Act 1985, does not require depreciation of investment properties. Investment properties are held for their investment potential and not for use by the company and so their current value is of prime importance. The departure from the provisions of the Act is required in order to give a true and fair view.

Accounting policies (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2005

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Notes to the unaudited financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2005

1.	Turnover
	7 01 11 11 11 11 11

Turnover and profit/(loss) before taxation arise directly from the principal activity and are generated in the United Kingdom in the ordinary course of business.

2. Directors' emoluments

The directors' aggregate emoluments in respect of qualifying services were:

		2005 €	2004 £
	Aggregate emoluments	1,714	2,938
3.	Interest receivable		
		2005	2004
		£	£
•	Bank interest receivable	43	67
		T take discourage of	
4.	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2005	2004
		£	£
	Dividend on shares classified as financial liabilities	9,555	9,555

5. Taxation on ordinary activities

The company has surplus management expenses to carry forward of approximately £35,000 (2004 -£26,000).

6. Tanoible fixed assets

1 angible fixed assets	Freehold investment property £
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2005 and 31 December 2005	45,000
Net book value At 31 December 2005	45,000
At 31 December 2004	45,000

The directors are of the opinion that the value of the investment property, on the basis of open market value for existing use, is not materially different from the balance sheet amount. The directors therefore do not consider that any revaluation adjustment is required at 31 December 2005.

Notes to the unaudited financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2005

7.	Investments Investment in subsidiary undertakings		
			£
٠	Cost At 1 January 2005 and 31 December 2005	·	70,758
	Loans At 1 January 2005 Repaid in year		3,873,297 (1,001,000)
	At 31 December 2005		2,872,297
	Net book value At 31 December 2005		2,943,055
	At 31 December 2004		3,944,055
	The company owns 100% of the ordinary sh company incorporated in Great Britain and regis		restments Limited, a
	The loan due from the subsidiary undertaking is of £1,000,000 due to be paid before 31 December 20 free and is not repayable before 31 December 20	ber 2006. An amount of £	
8.	Debtors		
		2005 £	2004 £
	Trade debtors	4,000	4,000
	The Stanhope Trust	8,968 12,968	$\frac{6,389}{10,389}$
			
	All debtors are repayable within one year of the	balance sheet date.	
9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one ye	ar 2005 £	2004 £
	Other creditors:		
	Amounts due to related undertakings	1,789,801	2,789,802
	Amounts due to subsidiary undertaking Accruals and deferred income	162,540 2,938	162,540 2,516
	Trottain and actoried meome	1,955,279	2,954,858
			
10.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more th	an one year 2005 £	2004 £
	Shares classed as financial liabilities	91,000	91,000

Notes to the unaudited financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2005

12. Related party transactions

The Stanhope Trust owns all of the allotted ordinary share capital of the company.

Throughout the year and the previous year, Viscount Petersham had a beneficial interest in all of the allotted ordinary share capital through The Stanhope Trust, of which he is sole life tenant.

Included in creditors is an amount due to a group undertaking, Stanhope Hotels Limited, of £162,540 (2004 - £162,540).

Included in creditors are the following amounts due to related parties: Doublard Investment Company Limited - £37,848 (2004 - £37,848); The Chesterfield Trust - £1,749,744 (2004 - £2,749,744); and Stanhope Gardens Limited - £2,210 (2004 - £2,210).

Viscount Petersham had a beneficial interest in all the issued share capital of Doublard Investment Company Limited and Stanhope Gardens Limited as sole life tenant of The Chesterfield Trust.

All balances are payable or repayable within one year and are interest free.

13. Share capital

•		2005 £		2004 £
9,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 91,000 Net 10.5% non redeemable cumula	tive	9,000		9,000
preference shares of £1 each		91,000		91,000
		100,000		100,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2005		2004	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each Net 10.5% non redeemable cumulative	6,750	6,750	6,750	6,750
preference shares of £1 each	91,000	91,000	91,000	91,000
	97,750	97,750	97,750	97,750
Equity shares:				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	6,750	6,750	6,750	6,750
Shares classed as financial liabilities: Net 10.5% non redeemable cumulative				
preference shares of £1 each	91,000	91,000	91,000	91,000

Notes to the unaudited financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2005

13. Share capital (continued)

The dividend on the above preference shares is 21 years (2004 - 20) in arrears, amounting to £200,655 (2004 - £191,100).

The respective rights of the different classes of share capital are as follows:

Dividends

Dividends shall be applied in the following manner and priority:

- 1) Preference shares to receive a 10.5% dividend per annum together with any arrears; and
- 2) Any further dividends shall be paid to ordinary shareholders.

Winding up

On a winding up the surplus assets available to shareholders shall be applied in the following manner and priority:

- 1) Repayment of capital to preference shareholders; and
- 2) Any balance shall be paid to ordinary shareholders.

Voting

Preference shareholders have no voting rights, other than on a winding up or at a meeting called to reduce the share capital of the company, at which they have equal voting rights with ordinary shareholders. Ordinary shareholders have voting rights in all circumstances.

14. Revaluation reserve

There was no movement on the revaluation reserve during the financial year.

15. Profit and loss account

	2005	2004
	£	£
Balance brought forward	932,329	924,255
Loss for the financial year	(15,018)	(1,481)
Non-equity appropriation	9,555	9,555
Balance carried forward	926,866	932,329
Balance carried forward	920,800	932,329

The non-equity appropriation has been credited to the profit and loss account.

16. Analysis of shareholders' funds

Equity shareholders' interests at the end of the financial year are £757,961 (2004 - £772,979). Non-equity shareholders' interests at the end of the financial year are £291,655 (2004 - £282,100).