FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year ended 31 MARCH 2010

TUESDAY



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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 MARCH 2010

Company registration number

597757

Registered office

Lismirrane Industrial Park

Elstree Road Elstree Hertfordshire WD6 3EA

Directors

P T McNicholas B S McNicholas A S Kerr

Secretary

A S Kerr

Bankers

Royal Bank of Scotland

Silbury House

300 Silbury Boulevard

Milton Keynes MK9 2ZF

Auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants Grant Thornton House

Melton Street Euston Square London NW1 2EP

LEYDEN TRANSPORT LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 MARCH 2010

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the hire, servicing and maintenance of plant and vehicles

Review of business and future developments

The company continues to provide support services to the McNicholas Construction group. The prospects for the group are positive

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend

Directors

The directors who served throughout the year are set out below

P T McNicholas

B S McNicholas

A S Kerr

None of the directors had any interest in the share capital of the company. The directors are also directors of the ultimate parent undertaking and their interests in the share capital of that company are disclosed in its financial statements.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The company uses various financial instruments. These include loans from other group undertakings, cash and various items such as trade debtors and trade creditors, that arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to provide finance for the company's operations.

The existence of these financial instruments exposes the company to a number of financial risks, the principal ones of which are credit risk and liquidity risk

Credit risk

The company's principal financial assets are cash and trade debtors. The credit risk associated with cash is limited as the counterparty has a high credit rating assigned by international credit rating agencies. The credit risk associated with trade debtors is also limited, since the company only trades with other group undertakings.

However, as a consequence, there is overlap with liquidity risk

Liquidity risk

The company relies solely on other group undertakings as a means of financing the company's operations. As a result the company is at risk with regard to the liquidity of the other group undertakings. Finance for the group is provided by the ultimate parent undertaking. An assessment of the financial risks of the ultimate parent undertaking are to be found in its financial statements.

Employees

The company has continued its practice of keeping employees informed of matters affecting them as employees and the financial and economic factors affecting the performance of the company

Applications for employment by disabled persons are given full and fair consideration for all vacancies in accordance with their particular aptitudes and abilities. In the event of employees becoming disabled, every effort is made to retrain them in order than their employment with the company may continue

It is the policy of the company that training, career development and promotion opportunities should be available to all employees

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

In so far as the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Directors and officers liability insurance

During the year to 31 March 2010 the company effected insurance cover for the directors and officers of the company against any such liabilities as are referred to in 234 of the Companies Act 2006

Auditors

Grant Thornton UK LLP offer themselves for reappointment as auditors in accordance with Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

A S Kerr Secretary

30 June 2010

Company registration number 597757



REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR TO THE MEMBERS OF LEYDEN TRANSPORT LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Leyden Transport Limited for the year ended 31 March 2010 which comprise the principal accounting policies, the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As more fully explained in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's). Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at www frc org uk/apb/scope/UKNP

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended, and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements



REPORT OF THE AUDITOR TO THE MEMBERS OF LEYDEN TRANSPORT LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion,

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Simon Lowe

Senior Statutory Auditor

for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP

Registered Auditors

Chartered Accountants

LONDON

30 June 2010

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with United Kingdom applicable accounting standards

The principal accounting policies of the company have remained unchanged from the previous year and are set out below

These accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis as the principal creditor of the company, McNicholas Construction (Holdings) Limited, has confirmed their willingness to support the company for the foreseeable future

Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 1 from including a cash flow statement on the grounds that the company is a 100% subsidiary of McNicholas Construction (Holdings) Limited, the consolidated accounts of which are available from Companies House

Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for services provided, excluding VAT

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost less estimated residual value of all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land by equal annual instalments over their expected useful lives. The rates generally applicable are

Plant and equipment

- 10% to 20% on cost

Leased assets

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and depreciated over their expected useful lives. The interest element of leasing payments represents a constant proportion of the capital balance outstanding and is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease.

All other leases are regarded as operating leases and the payments made under them are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Contributions to pension schemes

Defined Contribution Scheme

The pension costs charged against profits represent the amount of the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period

Defined Benefit Scheme

The company is a member of the defined benefit group pension scheme operated by McNicholas Construction (Holdings) Limited Full details of the scheme are given in the notes to the financial statements of McNicholas Construction (Holdings) Limited

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity

Where debts are invoice discounted the separate presentation treatment proposed by FRS 5 has been adopted. In accordance with FRS 5 the gross amount of debts due from customers is included within trade debtors with the advances received from the financier shown as a liability.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 31 MARCH 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Turnover	1	4,793,356	4,847,102
Cost of sales		(4,013,954)	(4,101,213)
Gross profit		779,402	745,889
Administrative expenses		(675,716)	(638,774)
Operating profit	2	103,686	107,115
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(93,819)	(66,049)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		9,867	41,066
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	122,160	(136,764)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities after taxation	12	132,027	(95,698)

All transactions arise from continuing operations

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the financial year

BALANCE SHEET

At 31 MARCH 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Fixed assets		~	~
Tangible assets	6	1,590,686	1,653,103
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7 8	46,747 479,078 12,981	58,824 445,357 12,273
		538,806	516,454
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	9	(3,916,290)	(3,989,786)
Net current liabilities		(3,377,484)	(3,473,332)
Total assets less current liabilities		(1,786,798)	(1,820,229)
Creditors. amounts falling due after more than one year	10	(893,301) (2,680,099)	(991,897) (2,812,126)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	11 12	1,000 (2,681,099)	1,000 (2,813,126)
Shareholders' funds	13	(2,680,099)	(2,812,126)

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 30 June 2010

A S Kerr - Director

1 Turnover

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company

2 Operating profit

	The operating profit on is stated after charging/(crediting)	2010 £	2009 £
	Hire of plant and vehicles Depreciation - owned assets Depreciation - leased assets Profit on disposal of fixed assets	2,479,518 36,360 483,507 (49,012)	2,623,769 60,457 311,189 (153,377)
	Auditors' remuneration is charged through the holding company		
3	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Finance charges in respect of hire purchase contracts	93,819	66,049
4	Directors and employees		
	Staff costs during the year were as follows		
		2010 £	2009 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs	709,267 65,455 7,443	862,990 93,730 13,388
		782,165	970,108
	The average number of employees of the company during the year was		
		2010 Number	2009 Number
	Production Administration	11 10 21	12 16 28

The directors are wholly remunerated by other group companies

5 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

The tax (credit) / charge is based on the profit for the year and represents	2010	2009
	£	£
Current tax		
United Kingdom corporation tax at 28% (2009 28%)		
Total current tax	-	-
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(122,160)	113,875
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(122,100)	22,889
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	(122,160)	136,764
₁ ,		=
The tax assessed for the period is lower (2009 lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the United Kingdom 28% (2009 28%) The differences are explained below		
Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the		
United Kingdom of 28% (2009 28%)	2,762	11,498
Effect of		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	5,153	4,237
Difference between capital allowances and depreciation	122,160	(113,691)
Utilisation of group relief	(130,075)	98,141
Other short term timing differences		(185)
	-	-

The deferred tax asset arises from capital allowances that are anticipated to be recovered in the foreseeable future

6 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and equipment \pounds
Cost	4 (27 50)
At 1 April 2009	4,637,506
Additions	491,014
Disposals	(1,349,735)
At 31 March 2010	3,778,785
Depreciation At 1 April 2009 Provided in the year Disposals At 31 March 2010	2,984,403 519,867 (1,316,171) 2,188,099
Net book amount at 31 March 2010	1,590,686
Net book amount at 31 March 2009	1,653,103

The net book value of tangible fixed assets included above held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts amounted to £1,467,103 (2009 £1,549,195) Total depreciation allocated to these assets during the year was £483,507 (2009 £311,189)

7 Stocks

8

	2010 £	2009 £
Raw materials and consumables	46,747	58,824
Debtors		
	2010	2009
	£	£
Trade debtors	3,698	30,355
Deferred tax	359,239	237,079
Other taxation	116,141	133,640
Other debtors	<u> </u>	44,283
	479,078	445,357

At 31 March 2010

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2010	2009
		£	£
	Trade creditors	472,127	399,848
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,678,809	2,805,137
	Other taxation and social security	18,632	28,823
	Other creditors	12,260	21,585
	Accruals and deferred income	274,604	279,420
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	459,858	454,973
		3,916,290	3,989,786
10	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2010	2009
		£	£
	Amounts due under finance leases		
	After one and within two years	281,442	393,485
	After two and within five years	586,468	598,412
	After five years	25,391	-
		893,301	991,897
11	Share capital		
		2010	2000
		2010	2009
	Authorised, allotted and fully paid	£	£
	• •	1,000	1,000
	1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
12	Reserves		
			_
			Profit
			and loss
			account
			£
	At 1 April 2009		(2,813,126)
	Profit for the year		132,027

(2,681,099)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 MARCH 2010

13 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2010	2009
	£	£
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	132,027	(95,698)
Opening shareholders' funds	(2,812,126)	(2,716,428)
Closing shareholders' funds	(2,680,099)	(2,812,126)

14 Capital commitments

The company had capital commitments at 31 March 2010 amounting to finil (2009 £260,674)

15 **Contingent liabilities**

The company had an unlimited cross guarantee in respect of group bank borrowings. At 31 March 2010 this amounted to finil (2009 finil)

16 **Pensions**

Contributions to the defined contribution group pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred

The total pension cost for the company in the year ended 31 March 2010 was £7,443 (2009 £13,388)

17 **Leasing commitments**

Operating lease payments amounting to £387,686 (2009 £321,325) are due within one year. The leases to which these amounts relate expire as follows

	2010 £	2009 £
In one year or less	497	3,885
Between one and five years	387,189	317,440

18 **Related party transactions**

As a wholly owned subsidiary of McNicholas Construction (Holdings) Limited, the company is exempt from the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard No 8 to disclose transactions with other wholly owned members of the group headed by McNicholas Construction (Holdings) Limited

LEYDEN TRANSPORT LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 MARCH 2010

19 Ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent undertaking of this company is McNicholas Construction (Holdings) Limited, incorporated in England and Wales. It is situated at Lismirrane Industrial Park, Elstree Road, Elstree, Hertfordshire and its financial statements are available from Companies House.

The largest and smallest group of undertaking for which group accounts have been drawn up is that headed by McNicholas Construction (Holdings) Limited