Registered number: 2075749

BRITISH BIOCELL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012





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COMPANIES HOUSE

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COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

L D Rees P Christopher (resigned 20 February 2013)

L Taylor

J McNamara (appointed 9 January 2013)

REGISTERED NUMBER

2075749

REGISTERED OFFICE

C/O Berry Smith LLP Haywood House Dumfries Place

Cardiff CF10 3GA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

One Kingsway Cardiff CF10 3PW

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of British Biocell International Limited (" the company") for the year ended 31 December 2012

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

British Biocell International Limited is a 100% owned subsidiary of BBI Holdings Limited ("group") and operates as a part of the group's diagnostics division

The company's principal activities are listed below

- The manufacture and supply of gold colloid, conjugates and reagents for use in diagnostic tests
- The provision of contract research and development
- Contract manufacture and supply of diagnostic point of care tests

The company's customer base is diverse, covering the world's leading diagnostic businesses and some less established businesses that leverage the company's expertise in diagnostic test development and manufacture. The company also supplies a wide range of research customers.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Strategy

The company's overriding objective is to achieve attractive and sustainable rates of growth and returns through a combination of organic growth, acquisitions and leaner operational facilities

The key elements to the company's strategy for growth are considered to be as follows

Continued focus on cost control and improved processes

In the current market place, it is essential that costs and efficiency are monitored to ensure customer pricing remains competitive. The company is introducing a number of cost saving initiatives across the business and continuing to investigate improving manufacturing processes.

Growing our customer base and maintaining existing customer base

The company is continuing to investigate growth opportunities in new as well as existing locations, and introducing a range of new product ranges as discussed below

Introduction of new products

The R&D/Innovations team are constantly working to identify new products to ensure the company remains innovative in a challenging market place

Continue integration across the BBI group

The company continues to integrate policies, procedures and operations across the portfolio of BBI Holdings Limited companies. This will enable the company to consolidate its position within the market place and share knowledge and expertise.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

Business Environment

The commercial environment in which the company functions is highly competitive and highly regulated

Within this competitive environment, the company has differentiated itself from its competitors by establishing itself as the supplier of choice to anyone operating within the lateral flow test market. The following are considered key for the company's success.

- Supplying high quality products that are consistent with the expectations and requirements of our customers.
- Being reliable, innovative and technologically advanced,
- Creating a working environment which provides career enhancing opportunities for all employees, and
- Generating returns for stakeholders

Results

The results for the company show a profit on ordinary activities before taxation of £2,774k (2011 £1,694k) for the year and turnover of £8,289k (2011 £7,851k)

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (KPI's)

The company is a subsidiary of BBI Holdings Limited and the group manages its operations on a divisional basis. The company forms part of the groups diagnostics division and as such the directors believe that analysis using KPI's for the company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the company. The development, performance and position of the diagnostics division of the group, which includes the company, is discussed in the group's annual report which does not form a part of this report.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The external commercial environment is expected to remain highly competitive in 2013, as competitors continue to invest in their product base. The company believes it will maintain its current level of performance in the future and investment in innovations to bring through new products will strengthen the company's position and allow diversification of the current product base and services.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The management of the business and the execution of the company's strategy are subject to a number of risks. Risks are formally reviewed by the board and appropriate processes put in place to monitor and mitigate them. The key business risks affecting the company are set out below.

Competition and product innovation

The company operates in a competitive market with significant product innovations. The company is subject to competitors in the market place offering new products and services that could render the company's range of products obsolete resulting in rapid loss of market share. To reduce this risk the company works in close communication with its customers to update and review the appropriateness of their products given developments in the market place.

Manufacturing innovation

Manufacturing technology can advance rapidly and facilities can become outdated affecting efficiency, which can impact cost of sales and profit margins. The company is constantly reviewing its facilities and manufacturing equipment to ensure manufacturing technology is updated as appropriate in order to maintain quality and minimise cost of product for customers.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including price risk, credit risk, interest rate cash flow risk, foreign exchange risk and liquidity risk. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the group policies approved by the Board of Directors, which provide the written principles on the use of financial derivatives to manage these risks. The company does not use derivative financial instruments to manage any of these risks.

Price risk

The company is exposed to commodity price risk. The company does not manage its exposure to commodity price risk as the costs of managing this exposure exceed any potential benefits.

Credit risk

The company's financial assets are bank balances and cash, trade and other debtors. The company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors which are presented in the balance sheet net of allowances for doubtful debts. Customer credit limits are used to manage credit risk and allowances for doubtful debts are made when specific customer events or circumstances give rise to evidence of a reduction in the recoverable cash flows associated with the debt. The company has no significant concentration of credit risk with exposure spread over a large number of customers.

The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by appropriate credit-rating agencies

Liquidity risk

In order to maintain liquidity to ensure that sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and future developments, the company uses a mixture of long term and short term debt finance provided by fellow group companies

Interest rate cash flow risk

The company has interest bearing assets. Interest bearing assets include only bank balances which earn interest at a floating rate.

Foreign exchange risk

The company's activities expose it to financial risks associated with changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The company does not use foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge these exposures for cost benefit reasons but does maximise the matching of foreign currency receipts and payments wherever possible to minimise foreign exchange risk.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the company who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were

- L D Rees
- P Christopher (resigned 20 February 2013)
- L Taylor
- J McNamara (appointed 9 January 2013)

DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2011 £Nil)

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The company continues to invest in research and development of platforms, applications and products that will maintain its competitive advantage within the diagnostic market. Investment in research and development is integral to the ongoing success of the business and ensures that our contract research and development customers retain the best service and access to the next generation of quality products. Research and development costs of £110k were incurred during the year (2011. £706k)

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors
 are unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006

This report was approved by the board on 3 June 2013 and signed on its behalf by

L D Rees Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BRITISH BIOCELL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of British Biocell International Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report and Financial Statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BRITISH BIOCELL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial)statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Neil Rummings (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Cardiff

3 June 2013

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

	Note	2012 £000	2011 £000
TURNOVER	2	8,289	7,851
Cost of sales		(4,083)	(4,364)
GROSS PROFIT		4,206	3,487
Administrative expenses		(1,448)	(1,793)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	2,758	1,694
Interest receivable and similar income		16	<u>-</u>
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		2,774	1,694
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(682)	(406)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	17	2,092	1,288

All amounts relate to continuing operations

There is no material difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the years stated above and their historical cost equivalents

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2012 or 2011 other than those included in the Profit and Loss Account above and therefore no separate Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been presented

The notes on pages 10 to 20 form part of these financial statements

BRITISH BIOCELL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER 2075749

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2012

	Note	£000	2012 £000	£000	2011 £000
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	8		1,017		1,011
Tangible assets	9		1,190		1,207
Investments	10		1,006		-
		_	3,213	•	2,218
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	11	538		489	
Debtors amounts falling due after more than					
one year	12	3,437		3,659	
Debtors amounts falling due within one year	12	3,014		1,608	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	243		512	
		7,232		6,268	
CREDITORS amounts falling due within					
one year	13	(689)	_	(751)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	_		6,543		5,517
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITI	ES	_	9,756	•	7,735
CREDITORS amounts falling due after					
more than one year	14		(1,973)	_	(2,044)
NET ASSETS		_	7,783	_	5,691
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		_		•	
Called up share capital	16		-		-
Profit and loss account	17		7,783		5,691
		_		-	
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	18		7,783		5,691
		=		=	

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 3 June 2013 by

L D Rees Director

The notes on pages 10 to 20 form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The principal accounting policies, which have been applied consistently throughout the year, are set out below.

1.2 Consolidation

The company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of BBI Holdings Limited and is included in the consolidated financial statements of BBI Holdings Limited which are publicly available Consequently, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements under the terms of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006

1.3 Cash flow

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of BBI Holdings Limited and is included in the consolidated financial statements of BBI Holdings Limited which are publically available Consequently, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS 1 (revised 1996)

1.4 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of trade discounts, VAT and other sales related taxes

Revenue is recognised on despatch of the related goods. Revenue in respect of research and development contracts is recognised as it is earned under the terms of the contract.

15 Grants

Grants of a revenue nature are credited to the Profit and Loss Account in line with the related expenditure

1.6 Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Patents

Patents are included at cost and amortised in equal instalments over a period of 20 years which is its estimated useful economic life. Impairment tests on the carrying value of patents are undertaken if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

1.7 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Cost includes the original purchase price of the asset and the costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Depreciation is not charged on freehold land. Depreciation on other tangible fixed assets is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of those assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases.

Freehold property
Leasehold improvements
Plant and machinery

2% straight line

20% - 33% straight line20% - 33% straight line

Fixtures and fittings

20% - 33% straight line

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

18 Leased assets

Operating leases and their annual rentals are charged to the Profit and Loss Account on a straightline basis over the term of the lease

1.9 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis and includes transport and handling costs. In the case of manufactured products, cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on normal levels of activities. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete or slow moving stock.

1 10 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Where tax relief is claimed against losses sustained by other companies in the group, this relief is charged to the company by the donor company at the rate of £1 per every £1 of taxation not paid Amounts payable for group relief are included in the taxation charge of the company

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date

A net deferred tax asset is recognised as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits against which to recover carried forward tax losses and from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis

1 11 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account

1.12 Research and development

Research and development expenditure is charged to the Profit and Loss Account in the year in which it is incurred

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.13 Pensions

The company contributes to a defined contribution pension scheme for certain employees. The assets of the defined contribution scheme are held separately from those of the company in independently administered funds.

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the Profit and Loss Account in the year in which they become payable

2012

2011

1.14 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment

2 TURNOVER

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company

A geographical analysis of turnover is as follows

		£000	£000
	United Kingdom	559	318
	Rest of European Union	3,545	3,872
	Rest of World	882	815
	North America	3,303	2,846
		8,289	7,851
3	OPERATING PROFIT		

	The operating profit is stated after charging		
		2012	2011
		£000	£000
	Amortisation - intangible fixed assets	75	90
	Impairment - intangible fixed assets	,5	277
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	_	277
	- owned by the company	165	178
	Operating lease rentals	,,,,	
	- plant and machinery	12	13
	- other operating leases	161	-
	Foreign exchange	88	120
	Research and development expenditure	110	706

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

4	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
		2012 £000	2011 £000
	For a south to for the goods		
	Fees payable for the audit Fees payable for other services	14	13
	Tax compliance	-	8
	Tax compliance		
5	STAFF COSTS		
	Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows		
		2012	2011
		£000	£000
	Wages and salaries	2,311	2,426
	Social security costs	214	236
	Other pension costs	56	69
		2,581	2,731
	The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, du	uring the year was as 2012 Number	follows 2011 Number
	Directors	1	1
	Sales and distribution	11	11
	Development and manufacture	82	85
	Administration	9	7
		103	104
6.	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		
		2012	2011
		£000	£000
	Aggregate emoluments	71	69
	Company pension contributions to defined contribution pension	_	_
	schemes	3	3

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 1 director (2011 1) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes

In addition to the above, L Rees and L Taylor are employed by other companies within the BBI Holding Limited group and are remunerated by fellow group companies for their services to the group as a whole It is not practical to allocate their remuneration for their services as a director between group companies Details of their remuneration can be found in the financial statements of BBI Holding Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

7. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	2012 £000	2011 £000
Analysis of tax charge in the year		
Current tax		
UK corporation tax charge on profit for the year Adjustments in respect of prior years	667 (1)	420 2
Total current tax	666	422
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of prior years	(23) 39	(16) -
Total deferred tax (see note 15)	16	(16)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	682	406

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24 5% (2011 26 5%) The differences are explained below

	2012 £000	2011 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2,774	1,694
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24 5% (2011 26 5%)	680	449
Effects of.		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	4	4
Depreciation for year in excess of capital allowances	16	17
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(1)	2
Other timing differences leading to an increase (decrease) in		
taxation	7	-
Research and development credits	(40)	(50)
Current tax charge for the year	666	422

Factors that may affect future tax charges

In addition to the changes in rates of corporation tax disclosed above a number of further changes to the UK corporation tax system were announced in the March 2012 UK Budget Statement. A resolution passed by Parliament on 26 March 2012 reduced the main rate of corporation tax to 24% from 1 April 2012. Legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 24% to 23% from 1 April 2013 was included in the Finance Act 2012. The effect of these changes has been included within these financial statements.

The March 2013 UK Budget Statement proposed further reductions to the main rate to 21% from 1 April 2014 and 20% from 1 April 2015. This had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and, therefore, the effect of, is not included in these financial statements. Accordingly, the deferred tax balance has been calculated using a rate of 23%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

8 INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Patents £000
Cost	
At 1 January 2012 Additions	1,375 81
At 31 December 2012	1,456
Accumulated amortisation	
At 1 January 2012 Charge for the year	364 75
At 31 December 2012	439
Net book value	 -
At 31 December 2012	1,017
At 31 December 2011	1,011

9 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold property £000	Leasehold Improvements £000	Plant and machinery £000	Fixtures and fittings £000	Total £000
Cost					
At 1 January 2012	1,150	152	1,179	421	2,902
Additions	-	-	124	24	148
Disposals	-	-	(68)	•	(68)
At 31 December 2012	1,150	152	1,235	445	2,982
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 January 2012	285	152	1,001	257	1,695
Charge for the year	15	-	106	44	165
On disposals	-	-	(68)	-	(68)
At 31 December 2012	300	152	1,039	301	1,792
Net book value					
At 31 December 2012	850	<u> </u>	196	144	1,190
At 31 December 2011	865	-	178	164	1,207

Included in freehold property above is freehold land of £263k (2011 £263k) which is not depreciated

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

10. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

11.

Cost		li	nvestments in subsidiary companies £000	J	stment n joint ntures £000	Total £000
At 1 January 2012 Additions			974		- 32	1,006
At 31 December 2012		_	974		32	1,006
Net book value At 31 December 2012		_	974		32	1,006
At 31 December 2011		=	-		- =	-
Subsidiary undertakings						
Name	Country of incorporation or registration	Class of share capita held	Proportior Il share capi held		Nature of	business
Vision Biotech Property Limited	South Africa	Ordinary	100%		Manufactu research o	
Joint ventures						
Name	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Но	iding	Principal	activity
Novarum DX Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	50%		Mobile rea	ider
STOCKS						
					012 000	2011 £000
Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods and goods	for resale			3	380 69 89	305 34 150
					538	489

The difference between purchase price or production cost of stocks and their replacement cost is not material

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

12. DEBTORS

	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Due after more than one year		
Amounts owed by fellow subsidiaries	3,437	3,659

All amounts owed by fellow subsidiaries are unsecured. There are no formal arrangements in place for the repayment of amounts owed by fellow subsidiaries and interest is not charged on these balances. However, the company has provided confirmation that the amount due will not be called within twelve months from the balance sheet date. Accordingly, the amounts owed by fellow subsidiaries have been classified as debtors due after more than one year.

	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	1,709	1,412
Amounts owed by group companies	113	75
Other debtors	1,143	86
Prepayments and accrued income	48	18
Deferred tax asset (see note 15)	1	17
		4.000
	3,014	1,608

Amounts due from group companies are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand

13. CREDITORS

Amounts falling due within one year

	2012 £000	2011 £000
Trade creditors	139	201
Amounts owed to group companies	3	-
Taxation and social security	94	98
Other creditors	3	1
Accruals and deferred income	450	451
	689	751

Amounts owed to group companies are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

14 CREDITORS:

Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2012 £000	2011 £000
Amounts owed to fellow subsidiaries	1,973	2,044

All amounts owed to fellow subsidiaries are unsecured. There are no formal arrangements in place for the repayment of amounts owed to fellow subsidiaries and interest is not charged on these balances. However, the fellow subsidiaries of the BBI Holdings Limited Group have provided confirmation that the amounts due will not be called within twelve months from the balance sheet date. Accordingly, the amounts owed to fellow subsidiaries have been classified as creditors due after more than one year.

15 DEFERRED TAX ASSET

		2012 £000	2011 £000
	At beginning of year	17	1
	Credited during year	23	16
	Adjustment in respect of previous years	(39)	-
	At end of year	1	17
	The deferred tax asset is made up as follows		
		2012	2011
		£000	£000
	Accelerated capital allowances	(8)	17
	Short term timing differences - trading	9	-
		1	17
16.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
		2012	2011
		£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	100 (2011 100) Ordinary shares of £1 (2011 £1) each	100	100
			

17 RESERVES

	Profit and loss account £000
At 1 January 2012 Profit for the financial year	5,691 2,092
At 31 December 2012	7,783

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

18. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2012 £000	2011 £000
Opening shareholders' funds Profit for the financial year	5,691 2,092	4,403 1,288
Closing shareholders' funds	7,783	5,691

19 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has guaranteed the loan facilities of other group companies At 31 December 2012, the potential liability was £1,304k (2011 £2,095k). There are no indications that these guarantees will be called upon in the foreseeable future as the group continues to generate cash and service its debt repayments.

20. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company, in an independently administered fund. The pension charge amounted to £56k (2011 £69k). There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at either the beginning or end of the financial year.

21 OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2012 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows

	0	Other	
	2012	2011	
	£000	£000	
Expiry date			
Within 1 year	9	•	
Between 2 and 5 years	•	10	
After more than 5 years	150	150	
Total	159	160	

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of BBI Holdings Limited and has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related party disclosures' not to disclose transactions with BBI Holdings Limited or other wholly owned subsidiaries within the group

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

23 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of BBI Holdings Limited, which is incorporated in England and Wales BBI Holdings Limited is ultimately owned and controlled by Alere Inc, a company incorporated in the United States of America and who the directors regard as the ultimate controlling party

At the balance sheet date, BBI Holdings Limited is the smallest company which prepares consolidated financial statements. Copies of the financial statements of BBI Holdings Limited are available from the Company Secretary at Haywood House, Dumfries Place, Cardiff CF10 3GA

Alere Inc is the largest company in the group which prepares consolidated financial statements. Copies of the consolidated financial statements can be obtained from Alere Inc, 51 Sawyer Road, Suite 200, Waltham, Massachusetts 02453-3448