Babcock Investments (Number Four) Limited Directors' report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2013

Company registration number: 5269128

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Directors and advisors

Directors

W Tame

F Martinelli

P Rogers

A Bethel

Company Secretary

V Teller (Resigned 7 August 2012)

Resigned 7 August 2012

N Borrett

Appointed 7 August 2012

Resigned 1 March 2013

Babcock Corporate Secretaries Limited

Appointed 1 March 2013

Registered office

33 Wigmore Street London **W1U 1QX**

Independent Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors 1 Embankment Place London WC2N 6RH

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company, for the year ended 31 March 2013

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company continues to be that of an investment holding company. There are no plans to alter significantly the business of the Company.

Results and dividends

The profit for the financial year was £511,397 (2012 loss £15,670,639) and this will be transferred to reserves. Dividends declared and paid in the current financial year were £nil (2012 £nil). There are no plans for a final dividend.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The management of the business is subject to a number of risks. Procedures are in place across the Group to identify, assess and mitigate major business risks. The management of risk is an integral part of our operational review process and is supplemented at Group level by independent challenge and review by the Group Risk Manager and the Audit and Risk Committee. Further details can be found in the Babcock International Group PLC financial statements pages 50-55.

Key performance indicators (KPIs)

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the Company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business

Financial risk management

All treasury transactions are carried out only with prime rated counterparties. Financial risk is managed in accordance with Group policies and procedures. For further information refer to note 2 of the Babcock International Group PLC financial statements.

Directors of the Company

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows

W Tame

F Martinelli

P Rogers

A Bethel

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

Under their respective Articles of Association, the directors of the Company are, and were during the financial year to 31 March 2013, entitled to be indemnified by the Company against liabilities and costs incurred in connection with the execution of their duties or the exercise of the powers, to the extent permitted by the Companies Act 2006

Babcock International Group PLC also provides protections for directors of companies within the Group against personal financial exposure they may incur in their capacity as such. These include qualifying third party indemnity provisions (as defined by Companies Act 2006) for the benefit of directors of Babcock International Group PLC, including, where applicable, in their capacity as a director of the Company and other companies within the Group. These indemnities came into force in 2012 and remain in force.

Charitable and political donations

In the year ended 31 March 2013 the Company made no charitable donations (2012 £nil) There were no political contributions during the financial year (2012 £nil)

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors and the disclosure of information

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information required by the auditors in connection with the preparation of the auditors' report, of which the auditors are unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow directors, each director has taken all steps that he is obliged to take as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information

Reappointment of independent auditors

A resolution proposing to reappoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting

On behalf of the Board 18 October 2013

F Martinelli Director

Independent auditors' report to the members of Babcock Investments (Number Four) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Babcock Investments (Number Four) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2013 which comprise the Profit and loss account, the Balance sheet and the Notes to the financial statements. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities on page 4 the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report

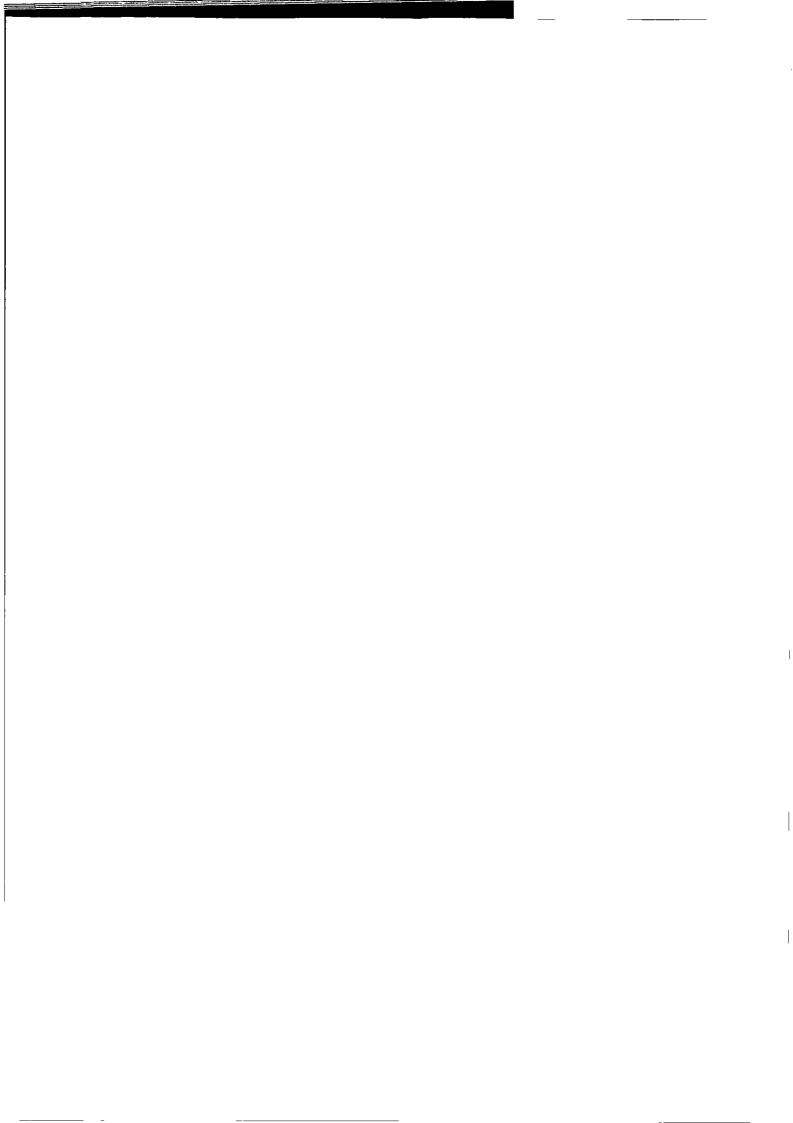
Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements



Independent auditors' report to the members of Babcock Investments (Number Four) Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

James Parker (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London, United Kingdom

18 October 2013

Profit and loss account For the year ended 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
Administrative expenses		•	(16)
Operating result / (loss)	_	•	(16)
Interest receivable and similar income	2 _	511,397	569,752
Interest payable and similar charges	2 _	-	(16,240,375)
Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	3	511,397	(15,670,639)
Tax on profit / (loss) on ordinary activities	5 _	•	
Profit / (loss) for the financial year	11	511,397	(15,670,639)

There is no difference between the profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit / (loss) for the year stated above and their historical cost equivalents

There were no other recognised gains or losses aside from those shown in the Profit and loss account and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

All results derive from continuing operations

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

Babcock Investments (Number Four) Limited Company registration Number 5269128 Balance sheet as at 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
Fixed assets			
Shares in group undertakings	6 _	597,002,000	597,002,000
Current assets			
Debtors	7	21,081,149	20,569,752
Cash at bank and in hand		1,063	1,063
	_	21,082,212	20,570,815
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	8 _	(10,872,707)	(10,872,707)
Net current assets	_	10,209,505	9,698,108
Total assets less current liabilities	=	607,211,505	606,700,108
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	698	698
Share premium account	11	622,433,936	622,433,936
Profit and loss account	11 _	(15,223,129)	(15,734,526)
Total shareholders' funds	11 _	607,211,505	606,700,108

The financial statements on pages 7-13 were approved by the board of directors and signed on its behalf by

F Martinelli Director

18 October 2013

1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

Investments in subsidiary undertakings

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for impairment in value. Any impairment is recognised in the profit and loss account in the period which it arises

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted as at the balance sheet date. The taxation liabilities of certain group companies may be reduced, wholly or in part, by surrender of losses by fellow group companies. The decision to charge group relief is made on a case by case basis.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis

Group financial statements

The Company has taken advantage of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not prepared group financial statements as it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Babcock International Group PLC, which prepares consolidated financial statements that are publicly available

Cash flow statement

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 1 (revised 1996) to dispense with the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement in its financial statements, as a consolidated cash flow statement is included in the financial statements of the ultimate parent company, which are publically available

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 (continued)

2 Interest receivable / (payable) and similar income / (charges)					
	2013 £	2012 £			
Interest payable and similar charges					
Loan interest payable to group undertakings	•	(16,240,375)			
_	-	(16,240,375)			
Interest receivable and similar income					
Loan interest receivable from group undertakings	511,397	569,752			
_	511,397	569,752			
Net interest and similar income / (charges)	511,397	(15,670,623)			

3. Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before taxation

Auditors' remuneration in respect of audit services is borne by Babcock International Group PLC

4. Staff costs and directors remuneration

There were no staff employed during the current or prior year and none (2012 none) of the directors received remuneration in respect of their services to the Company

5. Tax on profit / (loss) on ordinary activities

	2013	2012
	£	£
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profit / (loss) for the financial year		
The current tax assessed for the financial year is lower (2012	higher) than the stan	dard rate of

The current tax assessed for the financial year is lower (2012 higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24% (2012 26%) The differences are explained below

	2013	2012
	£	£
Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation	511,397	(15,670,639)
tax of 24% (2012 26%)	122,735	(4,074,366)
Group relief for nil consideration	(122,735)	4,074,366
Total current tax charge for the financial year	-	-

Factors affecting current and future tax charges

A number of changes to the UK Corporation tax system were announced in the March 2013 Budget Statement Legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 24% to 23% from 1 April 2013 is included in the Finance Act 2013. Further reductions to the main rate are proposed to reduce the rate to 21% by 1 April 2014. These further changes had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date and, therefore the impact is not included in these financial statements.

597,002,000

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 (continued)

6. Fixed assets – shares in group undertakings	
Cost	Total £
At 1 April 2012 Additions	597,002,000

At 31 March 2013 597,002,000

Net book value
At 31 March 2013

At 31 March 2012 _____597,002,000

The Company's directly owned subsidiary undertaking, which is wholly-owned, is

CompanyCountry of
RegistrationPrincipal ActivitiesBabcock Marine & Technology Holdings LimitedEngland & WalesInvestment holding company

A full list of all subsidiary undertakings will be annexed to the ultimate parent company's next annual return filed with the Registrar of Companies

The directors believe that the carrying value of the investment is supported by its underlying net assets

7. Debtors

	2013	2012
	£	£
Amounts owed by group undertakings	21,081,149	20,569,752
	21,081,149	20,569,752

Included in amounts receivable from group undertakings is a loan totalling £20,000,000 (2012 £20,000,000) bearing an interest rate of 6 month UK LIBOR plus one hundred and sixty two basis points, receivable on demand. The remaining £1,081,149 (2012 £569,752) is non-interest bearing and receivable on demand.

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2013 £	2012 £
Bank loans and overdraft	3,676,298	3,676,298
Amounts owed to group undertakings	7,196,409	7,196,409
	10,872,707	10,872,707

The amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 (continued)

9 Deferred tax					
	Recognised 2013 £	Red	cognised F 2012 £	Full potential 2013 £	Full potential 2012 £
Capital tax losses	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	25,760,000	26,880,000
The Company has not recognised any deferred tax on capital losses in the current year and prior year as there is no planned sale of capital assets in the foreseeable future					
10. Called up share	capital				
				2013 £	2012 £
Allotted, issued and fully paid 698 (2012 698) ordinary shares of £1 each 698 698					698
11. Reconciliation of	f movement in s	hareholde	ers funds and r	eserves	
		Called up re capital £	Share premium account £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 April 2012 Profit for the year Ordinary shares issue	d	698 - -	622,433,936	(15,734,526) 511,397	606,700,108 511,397
At 31 March 2013		698	622,433,936	(15,223,129)	607,211,505
At 1 April 2011 Loss for the year Ordinary shares issue	d	598 - 100	7,000,228 - 615,433,708	(63,887) (15,670,639) -	6,936,939 (15,670,639) 615,433,808
At 31 March 2012		698	622,433,936	(15,734,526)	606,700,108
12. Dividends					
				2013 £	2012 £
Dividend of £nil per £1	share (2012 £r	nıl)	_	-	_

13. Related party disclosures

The Company, as a wholly owned subsidiary, has taken advantage of the exemption, granted under Financial Reporting Standard 8, Related Party Disclosures, from disclosing details of sales and purchases with other members of the group headed up by Babcock International Group PLC

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 (continued)

14. Parent undertakings

The Company's immediate parent company is Babcock Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The Company's ultimate parent company and ultimate controlling party is Babcock International Group PLC, a company registered in England and Wales. The only Group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by Babcock International Group PLC.

Copies of Babcock International Group PLC financial statements are available from the following address

The Company Secretary
Babcock International Group PLC
33 Wigmore Street
London
W1U 1QX