Registered Number SC430403

Albany Technical Services Limited

**Abbreviated Accounts** 

31 August 2013

## Albany Technical Services Limited

## Registered Number SC430403

## Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2013

	J			
	Notes	2013	_	
Fixed assets	2	£	£	
Tangible			7,834	
		_	7,834	
Current assets				
Stocks		100		
Debtors		5,701		
Cools at boult and in bound		2.626		
Cash at bank and in hand		3,626		
Total current assets		9,427		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(6,287)		
Creditors, amounts raining due within one year		(0,207)		
Net current assets (liabilities)			3,140	
Total assets less current liabilities		_	10,974	
			,	
Provisions for liabilities			(1,567)	
			(1,001)	
		_		
Total net assets (liabilities)		_	9,407	
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	4		1	

Profit and loss account 9,406

9,407

a. For the year ending 31 August 2013 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 22 October 2013

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr S J Barker, Director

Shareholders funds

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 31 August 2013

## 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax, in respect of the provision of technical and marketing support to the oil and gas drilling services sector. In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### **Fixed Assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### **Financial Instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where

the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

### Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Equipment

25% on cost

# 2 Fixed Assets

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£
Additions	8,631	8,631
At 31 August 2013	8,631	8,631
Depreciation		
Charge for year	797	797
At 31 August 2013	797	797
Net Book Value		
At 31 August 2013	7,834	7,834

# 4 Share capital

	2013
	£
Authorised share capital:	
1 Ordinary of £1 each	1

 $_{\mbox{\footnotesize 3}}$  Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

# Allotted, called up and fully paid:

1 Ordinary of £1 each

1

# Ordinary shares issued in

## the year:

1 Ordinary of £1 each were issued in the year with a nominal value of £1, for a consideration of £1

On 15 August 2012 the Company issued one ordinary £1 share at par.