Amberley Business Services Limited

Registered number: 06773867

Director's report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2014



COMPANY INFORMATION

Director C M Brook

Company secretary C M Brook

Registered number 06773867

Registered office 46 Brooklands Drive

Goostrey Cheshire CW4 8JD

Independent auditors Mazars LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

The Lexicon Mount Street Manchester M2 5NT

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

Business review

The Company continued with its principal activity, providing corporate finance advice to businesses, their directors and, where appropriate, their shareholders. It holds an Investment Business licence from the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA"), limited to advising on and arranging deals in investments. The Company operates under its trading name "Amberley Advisory".

Principal risks and uncertainties

These are:-

Regulatory risk:

that the Company breaches the Financial Services & Markets Act 2006 and subsequent legislation. The Company, via its Compliance Officer, is very diligent in its processes, both in the taking on of new assignments and clients and in monitoring assignments through to their conclusion and sign-off. Its Anti-Money Laundering Officer ensures compliance with anti-money laundering legislation. The Company's Compliance Manual is updated regularly and circulated to its officers, associates and consultants.

Performance risk:

that the Company receives a claim from an aggrieved client. It has Professional Indemnity Insurance Cover and limits its liability on all assignments in its Engagement Letters.

Financial risk:

that a client either cannot or will not settle Amberley's fee notes. There is a good spread of clients and, where appropriate, stage payments are requested. As a matter of policy, work on a "fully contingent" basis is a relatively small percentage of its fee income and is monitored regularly.

Dependence on Director:

the Director undertakes most of the Company's commercial activities. Should the Director become indisposed for any reason, one of the Company's Associates is on stand-by to complete Amberley Advisory's commitments to its clients. There has been no requirement to utilise this stand-by arrangement since the Company commenced activities in 2009.

Financial key performance indicators

The business is a small advisory business and as such has little need of complex performance indicators. The levels of fees and profitability are monitored quarterly and the Company's cash flow is regularly monitored. There are significant cash balances held at all times, the utilisation of which would allow sufficient time for any corrective action required to be taken.

This report was approved by the board on 16th July 2014 and signed on its behalf.

C M Brook Director

DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

The director presents his report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Principal activities

The company undertakes corporate finance activities and is regulated for investment business by the Financial Conduct Authority.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £4,519 (2013 - £1,486).

There were no dividends paid in respect of the year ended 31 March 2014 (2013: none).

Director

The director who served during the year was:

C M Brook

C M Brook owned the whole of the issued share capital throughout the year.

No share options or other rights to subscribe for shares was granted during the year.

Director's responsibilities statement

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The director is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements and other information included in Director's Reports may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

Disclosure of information to auditors

The director at the time when this Director's Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- he has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

The auditors, Mazars LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

C M Brook

Director

Date: 16 th Tuly doing



Independent auditor's report to the members of Amberley Business Services Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Amberley Business Services Limited for the year ended 31 March 2014 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Respective responsibilities of director and auditor

As explained more fully in the Director's Responsibilities Statement set out on page 1, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors. This report is made solely to the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's web-site at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.



Opinion on the other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Timothy Hudson (Senior Statutory Auditor)

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for and on behalf of Mazars LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

The Lexicon Mount Street Manchester M2 5NT

17 July 2014

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Turnover	1,2	89,254	74,823
Cost of sales	••	(6,614)	(4,438)
Gross profit		82,640	70,385
Administrative expenses		(78,091)	(68,914)
Operating profit	3	4,549	1,471
Interest receivable and similar income		18	15
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		4,567	1,486
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(48)	-
Profit for the financial year	13	4,519	1,486
•			

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2014 or 2013 other than those included in the Profit and Loss Account.

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

Registered number: 06773867

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 MARCH 2014

	Note	£	2014 £	£	2013 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		1,682		1,308
Current assets					
Stocks	9	367		100	
Debtors	10	23,527		4,820	
Cash at bank		31,388		19,900	
	•	55,282	_	24,820	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	. (33,188)		(6,871)	
Net current assets	•		22,094		17,949
Net assets		-	23,776	- -	19,257
Capital and reserves		_	_	-	
Called up share capital	12		25,000		25,000
Profit and loss account	13	_	(1,224)	_	(5,743)
Shareholders' funds	14	-	23,776	-	19,257

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by the sole director:

C M Brook

Director

Date: 16th July 2014

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Net cash flow from operating activities	15	12,550	(3,765)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	16	18	15
Capital expenditure and financial investment	16	(1,080)	(830)
Increase/(Decrease) in cash in the year		11,488	(4,580)

RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS/DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	2014 £	2013 £
Increase/(Decrease) in cash in the year	11,488	(4,580)
Movement in net debt in the year	11,488	(4,580)
Net funds at 1 April 2013	19,900	24,480
Net funds at 31 March 2014	31,388	19,900

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

1. Accounting Policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures & fittings Software

33% reducing balance

- 33% reducing balance

1.4 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks.

1.5 Long-term contracts

Profit on long-term contracts is taken as the work is carried out if the final outcome can be assessed with reasonable certainty. The profit included is calculated on a prudent basis to reflect the proportion of the work carried out at the year end, by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses. Turnover is calculated as that proportion of total contract value which costs incurred to date bear to total expected costs for that contract. Revenues derived from variations on contracts are recognised only when they have been accepted by the customer. Full provision is made for losses on all contracts in the year in which they are first foreseen.

1.6 Pensions

The company contributes to the personal pension plan of the sole director.

2. Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company.

An geographical analysis of turnover is as follows:

	2014	2013
United Kingdom	89,254	72,823
Rest of the world	-	2,000
	89,254	74,823

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

3.	Operating profit		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets: - owned by the company Loss on sale of tangible assets	706 - 	614 158
4.	Auditors' remuneration		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Fees payable to the company's auditor and its associates for the audit of the company's annual accounts Fees payable to the company's auditor and its associates in respect of:	3,000	3,000
	Taxation compliance services All other non-audit services not included above	500 265	500 235
5.	Staff costs		
	Staff costs, including director's remuneration, were as follows:		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Pension costs	24,000 2,250 15,000	15,000 1,037 10,000
	•	41,250	26,037
	The average monthly number of employees, including the director, during	ng the year was as fo	ollows:
		2014 No.	2013 No.
	Director	1	1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Director's remuneration		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Remuneration	24,000	15,000
	Company pension contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	15,000	10,000
	During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 1 director (2013 - pension schemes.	1) in respect of defin	ed contributio
7.	Taxation		
		2014 £	2013 £
	UK corporation tax charge on profit for the year	48	- -
	Factors affecting tax charge for the year		
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2013 - lower than) the statuk of 20% (2013 - 20%). The differences are explained below:	andard rate of corpor	ation tax in th
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2013 - lower than) the sta	andard rate of corpora 2014 £	ation tax in th 2013 £
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2013 - lower than) the sta	2014	2013
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2013 - lower than) the statuk of 20% (2013 - 20%). The differences are explained below:	2014 £	2013 £
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2013 - lower than) the statuk of 20% (2013 - 20%). The differences are explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of	2014 £ 4,567	2013 £ 1,486
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2013 - lower than) the statuk of 20% (2013 - 20%). The differences are explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2013 - 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill	2014 £ 4,567 ————————————————————————————————————	2013 £ 1,486
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2013 - lower than) the statuk of 20% (2013 - 20%). The differences are explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2013 - 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment	2014 £ 4,567 913	2013 £ 1,486
	The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2013 - lower than) the statuk of 20% (2013 - 20%). The differences are explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2013 - 20%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill	2014 £ 4,567 ————————————————————————————————————	2013 £ 1,486

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The company has tax losses of approximately £NIL (2013: £4,280) available to carry forward against the future profits of the trade.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

8.	Tangible fixed assets			
		Fixtures & fittings £	Software £	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2013 Additions	1,945 1,080	2,536 -	4,481 1,080
	At 31 March 2014	3,025	2,536	5,561
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2013	1,493	1,680	3,173
	Charge for the year	421	285 	706
	At 31 March 2014	1,914	1,965	3,879
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2014	1,111	571	1,682
	At 31 March 2013	452	856	1,308
9.	Stocks			
			2014 £	2013 £
	Sundry items		367 ————	100
10.	Debtors			
			2014 £	2013 £
	Trade debtors		18,962	4,374
	Amounts recoverable on contracts Prepayments and accrued income		256 4,309	256 190
		_	23,527	4,820

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

11.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	·	2014 £	2013 £
	Trade creditors Corporation tax	22,681 48	1,336
	Other taxation and social security Accruals and deferred income	5,460 4,999	236 5,299
		33,188	6,871
12.	Share capital		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	25,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	25,000	25,000
13.	Reserves		·
			Profit and loss account
	At 1 April 2013 Profit for the financial year		(5,743) 4,519
	At 31 March 2014		(1,224)
14.	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds		
		2014 £	2013 £
	Opening shareholders' funds Profit for the financial year	19,257 4,519	17,771 1,486
	Closing shareholders' funds	23,776	19,257

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

15.	Net cash flow from operating activition	es			
	ŕ			2014	2013
				£	£
	Operating profit			4,549	1,471
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	,		706	614
	Loss on disposal of tangible fixed asset	s		-	158
	(Increase)/decrease in stocks			(267)	1
	(Increase)/decrease in debtors			(18,707)	4,211
	Increase/(decrease) in creditors			26,269	(10,220)
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) from opera	ting activities	-	12,550	(3,765)
			=		=====================================
16.	Analysis of cash flows for headings	netted in cash	flow statement		
			· ·	2014	2013 £
	Returns on investments and servicing	og of finance		£	L
	Interest received	ig of finance		18	15
	interest received		=	10	=======================================
				2014	2013
				£	£
	Capital expenditure and financial inv	estment			
	Purchase of tangible fixed assets			(1,080)	(830)
			=		
17.	Analysis of changes in net funds				
				Other	
				non-cash	
		1 April	Cash flow	changes	31 March
		2013	•	•	2014
		£	£	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	19,900 ————	11,488	-	31,388
	Net funds	19,900	11,488	-	31,388

18. Related party transactions

There are no related party transactions to disclose in the year under FRS 8 'Related Party Transactions'.