Registered Number 07693912
SILDUN HOLDINGS LIMITED
Abbreviated Accounts
31 March 2014

# **SILDUN HOLDINGS LIMITED**

# Registered Number 07693912

#### Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2014

	Notes	2014	2013
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	83,206	69,477
Investments	3	2	2
		83,208	69,479
Current assets			
Debtors		145,727	137,151
Cash at bank and in hand		14,249	30,454
		159,976	167,605
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(121,547)	(135,192)
Net current assets (liabilities)		38,429	32,413
Total assets less current liabilities		121,637	101,892
Provisions for liabilities		(16,641)	(13,895)
Total net assets (liabilities)		104,996	87,997
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4	2	2
Profit and loss account		104,994	87,995
Shareholders' funds		104,996	87,997

- For the year ending 31 March 2014 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 30 June 2014

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr S B Silvester, Director

#### SILDUN HOLDINGS LIMITED

#### Registered Number 07693912

## Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 March 2014

### 1 Accounting Policies

# Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective April 2008.

# Tangible assets depreciation policy

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery 15% reducing balance Fixtures & Fittings 15% reducing balance Equipment 25% straight line

## Other accounting policies

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

# Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

# Downloaded from Datalog http://www.datalog.co.uk

£

Cost	
At 1 April 2013	88,424
Additions	25,938
Disposals	-
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 31 March 2014	114,362
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2013	18,947
Charge for the year	12,209
On disposals	-
At 31 March 2014	31,156
Net book values	
At 31 March 2014	83,206
At 31 March 2013	69,477

# 3 Fixed assets Investments

Investments

Investments in group undertakings are valued at cost and reviewed for impairment on an annual basis

The company owns 100% of the issued share capital of the company below. This company is incorporated in England and Wales.

Aggregate capital and reserves of subsidiary company

2014 2013

££

Sildun Manufacturing (2001) Limited 87,108 76,789

Profit and (loss) for the year of subsidiary company

2014 2013

££

Sildun Manufacturing (2001) Limited 20,319 93,964

# 4 Called Up Share Capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2014	2013
	£	£
2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2