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Horncastle Group PLC

Financial Statements

31st March 2015

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for the year ended 31st March 2015

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Horncastle Group PLC

Company Information for the year ended 31st March 2015

DIRECTORS:

W A Horncastle A N Horncastle

D C Watson I R Hodges

SECRETARY:

Mrs C D Horncastle

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Holderness House 36 Market Place South Cave East Yorkshire HU15 2AT

REGISTERED NUMBER:

-00813569-(England-and-Wales)-

AUDITORS:

Smailes Goldie

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Regent's Court Princess Street

Hull

East Yorkshire HU2 8BA

BANKERS:

HSBC Bank PLC Merit House Saxon Way Priory Park West

Hessle

East Yorkshire HU13 9PB

BANKERS:

Handelsbanken

1st Floor

Westcott House

Hesslewood Business Park

Hessle HU13 OPF

Strategic Report

for the year ended 31st March 2015

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31st March 2015.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The directors are satisfied with the underlying performance of the company and are confident that the continued efforts of the company and the company management will ensure further progress.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company has carried out a formal exercise to identify and assess the risks that impact on its business. The more significant risks and uncertainties faced by the group were identified as competitive risks such as occupancy rates, margins, return on investment, proposed changes in legislation and financial risks that include credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk, as set out below.

The company has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the company.

Competitive risks

The company has a quarterly review meeting with its property management agent to review occupancy rates, voids, rent reviews and investment opportunities.

The board meets monthly to review the financial performance of the company's development activities and their joint venture projects. Minutes of the meetings are kept and record the status of each project and actions in hand.

Legislative risks

Compliance with relevant legislation is reviewed at each board meeting, supported by reports from the company's advisers on construction, health and safety and property management as required.

Credit risks

The company has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential customers before rental agreements are entered into.

The company has a policy to check the credit risk in respect of joint venture parties.

Liquidity risk

The company retains sufficient cash to ensure it has sufficient available funds for operations. The company also has access to longer term funding through its available banking facilities, should it be necessary.

Interest rate cash flow risk

The only interest bearing assets that the company has are cash balances earning interest at a floating rate. The company does not use derivative financial instruments to manage interest rate costs and, as such, no hedge accounting is applied. The directors will revisit the appropriateness of this policy should the company's operations change in size or nature.

Fixed asset revaluation risk

The company recognises the risks posed by fluctuations in property values. In response to this, the directors have implemented a policy to review annually the value at which the portfolio is held in the balance sheet. The directors do this by either engaging the services of an independent professional valuer or using its in-house team. The results of this valuation and the supporting rationale are provided to the company's auditors during the annual audit.

Strategic Report

for the year ended 31st March 2015

The company's key performance indicators during the year were as follows:

	2015	2014	Change
	£	£	%
Gross profit	1,393,032	1,070,781	30
Operating profit	900,325	554,723	62
Profit after taxation	650,933	423,841	54
Net assets	20,738,677	20,254,297	2

The directors continue to implement a medium / long term plan that saw the disposal of assets and the acquisition of land for development. The approach resulted in a short term reduction in rental income, which the directors believe is acceptable given the anticipated long term resultant balance sheet growth. The development phase of the plan is now delivering tangible benefits and the directors believe that the income from rent and management fees and operating profit represents a reasonable return on the investment, given the above strategy.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD:

C. D Homcasta

Mrs C D Horncastle - Secretary .

27th August 2015

Report of the Directors

for the year ended 31st March 2015

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st March 2015.

DIVIDENDS

No interim dividend was paid during the year. The directors recommend a final dividend of £1.31323 per share.

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31st March 2015 will be £166,553.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1st April 2014 to the date of this report.

W A Horncastle A N Horncastle D C Watson I R Hodges

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Report of the Directors

for the year ended 31st March 2015

AUDITORS

The auditors, Smailes Goldie, were appointed by the directors during the year and will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD:

C. DHOMOSTE

Mrs C D Horncastle - Secretary

27th August 2015

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Horncastle Group PLC

We have audited the financial statements of Horncastle Group PLC for the year ended 31st March 2015 on pages eight to twenty two. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page four, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st March 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Horncastle Group PLC

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Peter Duffield LLB FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Smailes Goldie Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Regent's Court Princess Street Hull East Yorkshire HU2 8BA

27th August 2015

Profit and Loss Account

for the year ended 31st March 2015

		2015	5	201	4
	Notes	£	£	£	£
INCOME	2		2,294,751		3,579,476
Charges related to income			901,719	,	2,508,695
GROSS PROFIT			1,393,032		1,070,781
Administrative expenses			492,707		516,058
OPERATING PROFIT	4		900,325		554,723
Income from participating interests Interest receivable and similar income Amounts written off investments Interest payable and similar charges	5 6	34,979 (500) (99,963)	(65,484)	14,800 4,359 - (41,486)	(22,327)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			834,841		532,396
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7		183,908		108,555
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR			650,933		423,841

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the current year or previous year.

TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profits for the current year or previous year.

Balance Sheet

31st March 2015

		20	15	20	14
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	9		13,477,358		11,946,925
Investments	10		605		1,105
			13,477,963		11,948,030
CURRENT ASSETS					
Development land and buildings	11	12,233,245		7,807,392	
Debtors	12	1,450,128		835,866	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,193,881		2,391,613	
		14,877,254		11,034,871	
CREDITORS				007.074	
Amounts falling due within one year	13	1,114,343		987,371	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			13,762,911		10,047,500
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			27,240,874		21,995,530
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than o	ne				
_year	14	·	(4,544,403)		(1,219,403)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	17		(138,207)		(31,003)
ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCO	ME 18		_(1,819,587)		(490,827)
NET ASSETS			20,738,677		20,254,297
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		•			
Called up share capital	19		126,827		126,827
Capital redemption reserve	20		588,128 ,		588,128
Profit and loss account	20		20,023,722		19,539,342
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	24		20 739 677		20,254,297
SHAKEHULDEKS FUNDS	24		20,738,677		20,204,231

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 27th August 2015 and were signed on its behalf by:

A N Horncastle - Director

Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31st March 2015

		201	15	201	14
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	1		(4,165,444)		160,673
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	2		(64,984)		(22,327)
Taxation			(118,760)		(19,394)
Capital expenditure	2		(6,991)		(32,030)
Equity dividends paid			(166,553)		(166,553)
			(4,522,732)		(79,631)
Financing	2		3,325,000		602,628
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the	period		<u>(1,197,732</u>)		522,997
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds	3				
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the period Cash inflow		(1,197,732)		522,997	
from increase in debt		(3,325,000)		(600,000)	
Change in net funds resulting from cash flows			(4,522,732)		(77,003)
Movement in net funds in the period Net funds at 1st April	d		(4,522,732) 1,791,613		(77,003) _1,868,616
Net (debt)/funds at 31st March			<u>(2,731,119)</u>		1,791,613

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31st March 2015

1. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH (OUTFLOW)/INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2015	2014
	£	£
Operating profit	900,325	554,723
Depreciation charges	4,058	5,751
Revaluation of investment properties	(17,515)	(25,503)
Release of Government Grant	(1,200)	(1,200)
Transfer from WIP to fixed assets	(1,509,985)	-
Increase in stocks	(4,425,853)	(348,763)
Increase in debtors	(614,262)	(414,534)
Increase in creditors	1,498,988	390,199
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(4,165,444)	160,673

2. ANALYSIS OF CASH FLOWS FOR HEADINGS NETTED IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	2015	2014
	£	£
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		
Interest received	34,979	4,359
Interest paid	(66,515)	(8,038)
Finance costs	(33,448)	(33,448)
Dividends received	·	14,800
Net cash outflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance	(64,984)	<u>(22,327</u>)
Capital expenditure		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	<u>(6,991</u>)	(32,030)
Net cash outflow for capital expenditure	<u>(6,991)</u>	(32,030)
Financing		
New loans in year	3,325,000	600,000
	3,323,000	•
Amount introduced by directors		2,628
Net cash inflow from financing	3,325,000	602,628

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31st March 2015

3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

	At 1.4.14 £	Cash flow £	At 31.3.15 £
Net cash: Cash at bank and in hand	2,391,613	<u>(1,197,732</u>)	1,193,881
	2,391,613	(1,197,732)	1,193,881
Debt: Debts falling due			
after one year	(600,000)	(3,325,000)	(3,925,000)
	(600,000)	(3,325,000)	(3,925,000)
Total	<u>1,791,613</u>	(4,522,732)	<u>(2,731,119</u>)

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31st March 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of consolidation

Consolidated accounts have not been prepared as all subsidiaries taken together are immaterial to the group, taking it outside the scope of FRS 2.

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of investment properties and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The true and fair override provisions of the Companies Act 2006 have been invoked; see "investment properties" below.

Income

Income comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of such income generated from developments and rental operations, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets other than investment properties are stated at valuation or cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Motor vehicles
Furniture, fittings and equipment

- 4 to 5 years

- 3 to 7 years

Deferred tax

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

- Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, or gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax where the replacement assets are sold.
- Provision is made for deferred taxation that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable.
- Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Development land

Work in progress is held in current assets at cost. Subsequently developed properties are either sold to third parties or let to tenants. If the property is sold, the related costs held in WIP are charged to the profit and loss account. If the property is let, then the asset is retained as an investment. At the point of letting, any related costs held in WIP are transferred to Fixed Assets.

Page 13 continued...

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st March 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Joint venture undertakings

Investments in joint ventures are stated at the company's share of net assets less any provisions for impairment. The company's share of the profits or losses of the joint ventures, if applicable, are included in the profit and loss account using the equity accounting basis.

Investments

Investments are held at cost less any provision for impairment.

Investment properties

Investment properties are included in the Balance sheet at their open market value in accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No. 19 and are not depreciated. This treatment is contrary to the Companies Act 2006 which states that fixed assets should be depreciated but is, in the opinion of the directors necessary in order to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the company and the group.

Government grants

Government grants relating to tangible fixed assets are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful lives of the assets concerned. Other grants, including ERDF, are credited to the profit and loss account when the asset is sold, or are transferred to the land and buildings within fixed assets to which they relate.

2. INCOME

The income generated is separated into that from developments and that from rentals. Income generated from developments is attributable to the sale of development land and buildings and project management fees. Income generated from rentals comprises rents receivable and other sundry operating income. A summary of each activity is shown below. All of the income and the profit before tax are wholly attributable to the company's continuing activities in the United Kingdom.

	2015 £	2014 £
Income from development activities Income from rental activities Project co-ordination fees	1,115,407 1,179,344 	2,585,818 943,658
Income	2, <u>294,751</u>	3, <u>579,476</u>
Charges related to development activities Charges related to rental activities	732,400 169,319	1,913,990 <u>594,705</u>
Charges related to income	901,719	2, <u>508,695</u>
Gross profit	1, <u>393,032</u>	1, <u>070,781</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2015

3.	STAFF COSTS	2015	2014
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	£ 515,162 65,060	£ 478,896 62,665
		580,222	541,561
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows	: 2015	2014
	Administration Management	5 3	5 3
		8	8
4.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Depreciation award assets	2015 £ 4,058	2014 £ 5,751
	—Depreciationowned-assets——————————————————————————————————	(1,200)	(1,200)
	Auditors' remuneration	4,250	4,250
	Directors' remuneration	351,373	<u>360,698</u>
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as	follows:	
	Money purchase schemes	2	2
	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:	2015	2014
-	Emoluments etc	£ 157,589	£ 162,395
5.	AMOUNTS WRITTEN OFF INVESTMENTS	2015	2014
	Amount written off investments	£ 500	£

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st March 2015

	2015	2014
	£	£
Bank loan interest	66,512	8,038
Interest payable on tax	3	-
Non-equity dividends	33,448	33,448
	99,963	41,486

7. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as	follows:	
	2015	2014
Current tax:	£	£
UK corporation tax	67,913	110,031
Prior year adjustment	8,791	20
Total current tax	76,704	110,051
Deferred tax:		,
Timing differences	107,204	(1,496)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	183,908	108,555

Factors affecting the tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	2015 £	2014 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	834,841	532,396
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21% (2014 - 23%)	175,317	122,451
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods Revaluation of land and buildings Grant income release Rate difference Investment write-off	11,590 (114,114) 8,791 (3,678) (252) (1,055) 	11,683 (1,456) 20 (5,866) (276) (16,505)
Current tax charge	76,704	110,051

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st March 2015

8. **DIVIDENDS**

	2015 £	2014 £
Ordinary shares of £1 each	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	~
Final	<u>166,553</u>	<u>166,553</u>

In addition, the company has paid £33,448 (2014 £33,448) to the holders of the 'A' ordinary shares which, because of the rights attaching to those shares, has been treated as interest paid (see note 7).

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Investment property £	Freehold property £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
COST OR VALUATION	44 505 500		400.000		40 440 004
At 1st April 2014	11,567,500	375,000	169,002	6,799	12,118,301
Additions	1,509,985	-	1,491	5,500	1,516,976
Disposals	-	-	(570)	-	(570)
Revaluation	<u> 17,515</u>		- -		17,515
At 31st March 2015	13,095,000	375,000	169,923	12,299	13,652,222
DEPRECIATION					
_At_1st_April_2014	-		164,577	6,799	171,376
Charge for year	-	-	3,485	573	4,058
Eliminated on disposal			<u>(570</u>)		(570)
At 31st March 2015		. _	167,492	7,372	174,864
NET BOOK VALUE					•
At 31st March 2015	13,095,000	375,000	2,431	4,927	13,477,358
At 31st March 2014	11,567,500	375,000	4,425	<u>-</u>	11,946,925

Freehold property and investment properties were revalued during the year ended 31st March 2015 by Jones Lang Lasalle a firm of Chartered Surveyors, on an open market existing use basis. The directors consider that the value of the freehold property and investment properties at 31st March 2015 remains unchanged from the valuations performed during the year.

If the land and buildings had not been included at valuation they would have been included under the historical cost convention as follows:

	2015 £	2014 £
Cost and net book value	1 <u>4,997,747</u>	13,487,762

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2015

FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

11.

12.

Other debtors

Prepayments and accrued income

	Shares in group undertaking s £	Joint ventures and associates	Other investment	Total £
Cost or valuation:				
At 1st April 2014 Amounts written off investments	104	1,000 (500)	1	1,105 (500)
At 31st March 2015	104	500	. 1	605
Details of the principal subsidiaries	and joint venture	es are as follows	:	
Principal subsidiaries		Country	% shareholding	Description
Cavermill Estates Limited Horncastle Homes Limited Horncastle Properties Limited Clarpoint Limited		UK UK UK UK	100 100 100 100	Dormant Dormant Dormant Dormant
Principal joint ventures and associa	ates	Country	% shareholding	Description
Pure Urban Limited		UK	. 33	Property Development
The company holds one share to the	ne value of £1 in	the company Go	ojok Limited.	
DEVELOPMENT LAND AND BUIL	DINGS		2015	2014
Work-in-progress Land			£ 7,511,049 4,722,196	£ 2,596,663 5,210,729
			12,233,245	7,807,392
DEBTORS			2015 £	2014 £
Amounts falling due within one yea Trade debtors	r:		262,726	152,886

249,629

25,351

427,866

285,430

601,972

1,150,128

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st March 2015

Share capital treated as debt

12.	DFR"	TORS.	 continue 	d
14.			· continue	u

		2015 £	2014 £
	Amounts falling due after more than one year: Other debtors	300,000	408,000
	Aggregate amounts	1,450,128	835,866
13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		•
		2015	2014
	Trade creditors	£ 81,998	£ 128,439
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	104	104
	Corporation tax	67,975	110,031
	Social security and other taxes	26,263	250
	Final dividends declared	200,001	200,001
	Accruals and deferred income	738,002	548,546
		1,114,343	987,371
14.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE		
	T BAT U.S.	2015	2014
		£	£
	Bank loans (see note 15)	3,925,000	600,000

The company has issued 619,403 'A' ordinary shares of £1 each, which are treated as debt.

The rights attached to the 'A' ordinary shares are as follows:

Dividend	The 'A' ordinary shares carry an annual gross preferential dividend of 5.4 pence each. The dividend rights are cumulative.
Voting rights -	The 'A' ordinary shares carry voting rights which rank pari passu with the ordinary shares on a show of hands but carry only one vote for every 100,000 shares held in a poll vote.
Winding up	On a winding up of the company the 'A' ordinary shareholders have a right to receive, in preference to payments to ordinary shareholders, £1 per share.

619,403

4,544,403

619,403

1,219,403

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st March 2015

15. **LOANS**

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	2015 £	2014 £
Amounts falling due between one and two years: Bank loans - 1-2 years	600,000	
Amounts falling due between two and five years: Bank loans - 2-5 years	3,325,000	600,000

Interest at 2.95% above LIBOR is charged on the bank loan for the value of £600,000, which is repayable in full on 11 November 2016.

Interest at 2.95% above LIBOR is charged on the bank loan for the value of £1,625,000, which is repayable in full on 25 July 2017.

Interest at 2.95% above LIBOR is charged on the bank loan for the value of £850,000, which is repayable in full on 21 January 2018.

Interest at 2.95% above LIBOR is charged on the bank loan for the value of £850,000, which is repayable in full on 27 March 2018.

16. **SECURED DEBTS**

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2015	2014
	£	£
Bank loans	3,925,000	600,000

The bank loans are secured by a first legal charge over Unit 2 and Unit 4, Ozone Way, Howden, DN14 7EA and its associated assets, development land, Ozone Way Howden, DN14 7EA, 36 Market Place, Thirsk, YO7 1LH, 15-19 Shambles, York, YO1 7LZ and Units 2-7 Sidings Court, Henry Boot Way, Hull, HU4 7DY.

17. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	2015 £	2014 £
Deferred tax Accelerated capital allowances Short term timing differences	138,350 (143)	32,391 (1,388)
	138,207	31,003

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 31st March 2015

17. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES - continued

	Balance at 1st April 2014 Transfer to profit and loss account Balance at 31st March 2015		Defer ta: £ 31,0 107,2	003 204
18.	ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME		2015 201 £ £	14
	Deferred government grants		1,819,587 490,8	<u>327</u>
19.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued and fully paid: Number: Class:	Nominal value:	2015 201 £ £	14
	126,827 Ordinary	£1	126,827 126,8	<u>327</u>
20.	RESERVES	Profit and loss account	Capital redemption reserve Tot	als
	At 1st April 2014 Profit for the year Dividends	19,539,342 650,933 (166,553)	588,128 20,127,4 - 650,5 - (166,5	933
	At 31st March 2015	20,023,722	588,128 20,611,8	<u>350</u>

21. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for senior employees. The scheme is a funded scheme whose assets are held separately from those of the company in separately administered funds. There were no unpaid contributions at 31st March 2015 or 31st March 2014.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued

for the year ended 31st March 2015

22. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year the company entered into transactions with related parties, in the ordinary course of business, details of which are as follows:

I R Hodges, a director, is also a director of lan Hodges & Co (Hull) Limited, which acts as a property agent for the company's investment property portfolio. For these services lan Hodges & Co (Hull) Limited earned fees of £61,317 (2014 £47,371).

lan Hodges & Co (Hull) Limited pays £5,880 per annum to Horncastle Group PLC to rent space in the company's premises. The amount owed to the company at 31st March 2015 was £6,399 (2014 £4,800).

During the year the company acquired a motor vehicle from A N Horncastle at its market value of £5,500.

In addition to the above, Horncastle Group PLC has paid Beech Hill Investments Limited, a company in which A N Horncastle is a director and shareholder, a sum of £60,000 (2014 £60,000) for property advisory services during the year.

During the year the company received £70,000 from Pure Urban Limited, a joint venture company described in Note 11 to the accounts, in respect of a loan previously written off.

The company received a dividend of £nil (2014 £14,800) from Centre Renewals Limited in the year. Centre Renewals Limited was dissolved on 13 May 2014 and at that date the fixed asset investment was written off.

There were no further transactions with joint ventures and associate companies during the year ended 31st March 2015.

23. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is A N Horncastle.

24. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2015	2014
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	650,933	423,841
Dividends	(166,553)	(166,553)
Net addition to shareholders' funds	484,380	257,288
Opening shareholders' funds	20,254,297	19,997,009
Closing shareholders' funds	20,738,677	20,254,297