

Anida Maternity Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 October 2017

**Anida Maternity Limited****Registered number:** 09822731**Balance Sheet****as at 31 October 2017**

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash at bank and in hand		76	87
		<u>76</u>	<u>87</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>			
	2	(438)	(177)
<b>Net current liabilities</b>		<u>(362)</u>	<u>(90)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>(362)</u>	<u>(90)</u>
<b>Net liabilities</b>		<u>(362)</u>	<u>(90)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		(462)	(190)
<b>Shareholders' funds</b>		<u>(362)</u>	<u>(90)</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr N Gordon

Director

Approved by the board on 31 July 2018

**Anida Maternity Limited****Notes to the Accounts****for the year ended 31 October 2017****1 Accounting policies*****Basis of preparation***

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

***Turnover***

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

***Creditors***

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

**2 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Trade creditors	136	16
Shareholder loans	100	-
Accruals and deferred income	180	120
Other creditors	22	41
	<u>438</u>	<u>177</u>