FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED

31 DECEMBER 2017

BRETT PITTWOOD Chartered Certified Accountants

ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

INDEX		
INDEX		

Directors and officers	<u>1</u>
Balance sheet	<u>2</u>
Notes to the financial statements	<u>3</u> - <u>6</u>

Page

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Directors

N J Adams G P Escott

Registered officeSuite 8 Bourne Gate
25 Bourne Valley Road
Poole
Dorset
BH12 1DY

ACCOUNTANTS Brett Pittwood Chartered Certified Accountants Suite 8 Bourne Gate 25 Bourne Valley Road Poole Dorset BH12 1DY

Page 2

(COMPANY NO: 07042584) BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note		2017		2016
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>		654		1,610
Current assets					
Stocks	<u>5</u>	182,989		117,986	
Debtors	<u>6</u>	305,181		336,798	
Cash at bank and in hand		29,135		59,796	
		517,305		514,580	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within	<u>7</u>				
one year	<u>_</u>	(401,601)		(418,893)	
Net current assets		-	115,704	_	95,687
Total assets less current liabilities			116,358		97,297
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		-	(124)	_	(322)
Net assets		=	£116,234	_	£96,975
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital		102		102	
Profit and loss account		116,132		96,873	
	_		£116,234		£96,975

For the financial year ending 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

In accordance with the special provisions applicable to certain small companies able to take advantage of the small companies regime, the balance sheet and related notes have been prepared and delivered to the Registrar of Companies. Also in accordance with the special provisions applicable to small companies the profit and loss account and the director's report have not been delivered.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 28 September 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

G P Escott

Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Suite 8 Bourne Gate 25 Bourne Valley Road Poole Dorset BH12 1DY England

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred income tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and on unused tax losses or tax credits in the company. Deferred income tax is

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determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and a valuation allowance is set up against deferred tax assets so that the net carrying amount equals the highest amount that is more likely than not to be recovered based on current or future taxable profit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and rateTools, furniture and equipment25% reducing balance basisComputer equipment33% straight line basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Financial instruments

Financial assets

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publically traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 4 (2016 - 4).

Summary of transactions with key management

The directors consider there are no other key management personnel other than the directors themselves.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

4 Tangible assets

Cost or valuation 5,740 A1 January 2017 5,740 At 31 December 2017 5,740 Depreciation 4,130 At 1 January 2017 4,130 Charge for the year 956 At 31 December 2017 5,086 Net book value 1 At 31 December 2017 £654 At 31 December 2016 £11.610 5 \$100 5 \$2017 2018 £182.989 £117.986 \$2017 5 \$2017 2016 £182.989 £117.986 \$2017 5 \$2017 2016 £182.989 £117.986 \$2017 6 Debtors 2017 \$2016 Trade debtors \$275.594 \$335,131 Other debtors and prepayments \$47,587 \$1,667 \$47,587 \$1,667 \$2336,798 7 Creditors \$2017 \$2016 Due within one year \$201,964 \$268,82 Trade creditors \$201,964 \$268,82 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>Plant, property and equipment</th>			Plant, property and equipment
Depreciation 4,130 At 1 January 2017 956 Charge for the year 956 At 31 December 2017 $5,086$ Net book value 4,130 At 31 December 2017 $\frac{2654}{5}$ At 31 December 2016 $\frac{21,610}{2}$ 5 Stocks 2017 2016 Finished goods and goods for resale $\frac{2182,989}{47,587}$ $\frac{2117}{2016}$ Trade debtors 257,594 335,131 Other debtors and prepayments $\frac{47,587}{47,587}$ $\frac{1.667}{1.667}$ 7 Creditors 2017 2016 Due within one year 2017 2016 Trade creditors 2017 2016 At 30,181 $\pm 336,798$ $\pm 336,798$		-	5,740
At January 2017 4,130 Charge for the year 956 At 31 December 2017 5,086 Net book value At 31 December 2017 £654 At 31 December 2016 £1,610 5 Stocks 2017 6 Debtors 2017 7 Creditors 257,594 7 Creditors 2017 7 Creditors 2017 2016 2017 7 Art Creditors 2017 2016 2017 2017 2016 7 Creditors 2017 2016 2017 2017 2016 7 Lact creditors 2017 2016 2017 2017 2016 2017 2016 2017 2016 2017 2016 2017 2016 2017 2016 2017 2016 2019 2017 2019 2017 2017 2016 2017 2016 2017 2016	At 31 December 2017	-	5,740
Net book value $\frac{654}{1.610}$ At 31 December 2017 $\frac{654}{1.610}$ 5 Stocks 2017 2016 Finished goods and goods for resale $\frac{2182.989}{2.17.986}$ $\frac{2117}{2016}$ 6 Debtors 2017 2016 Trade debtors 257,594 335,131 Other debtors and prepayments $\frac{47,587}{4.587}$ 1.667 £305,181 £336,798 2017 7 Creditors 2017 2016 Due within one year 201,964 266,882 Trade creditors 201,964 266,882	At 1 January 2017	-	
At 31 December 2017 $\frac{\pounds 654}{\pounds 1,610}$ At 31 December 2016 $\frac{\pounds 1,610}{\pounds 1,610}$ 5 Stocks 2017 2016 Finished goods and goods for resale $\pounds 182,989$ $\pounds 117,986$ 6 Debtors 2017 2016 Trade debtors $257,594$ 335,131 Other debtors and prepayments $47,587$ 1.667 $\pounds 305,181$ $\pounds 336,798$ 7 Creditors 2017 2016 Due within one year 2017 2016 Trade creditors 2017 2016 Juar 2017 $\pounds 305,181$ $\pounds 336,798$	At 31 December 2017	-	5,086
At 31 December 2016 $\pounds 1, 610$ 5 Stocks 2017 2016 Finished goods and goods for resale $\pounds 182,989$ $\pounds 117,986$ 6 Debtors 2017 2016 Trade debtors 257,594 335,131 Other debtors and prepayments $47,587$ 1,667 $\pounds 305,181$ $\pounds 336,798$ $\pounds 335,181$ $\pounds 336,798$ 7 Creditors 2017 2016 Due within one year 2017 2016 Trade creditors 201,964 266,882 Taxation and social security 46,660 43,704	Net book value		
5 Stocks 2017 2016 Finished goods and goods for resale £182,989 £117,986 6 Debtors 2017 2016 Trade debtors 257,594 335,131 Other debtors and prepayments 47,587 1,667 £305,181 £305,181 £336,798 7 Creditors 2017 2016 Due within one year Trade creditors 2017 2016 2017 2016 Due within one year 2017 2016 Trade creditors 2017 2016 Due within one year 201,964 266,882 Taxation and social security 46,660 43,704	At 31 December 2017	-	£654
2017 2016 Finished goods and goods for resale $\pounds 182,989$ $\pounds 117,986$ 6 Debtors 2017 2016 Trade debtors $257,594$ $335,131$ $47,587$ $1,667$ Other debtors and prepayments $47,587$ $1,667$ $4305,181$ $£336,798$ 7 Creditors 2017 2016 Due within one year $201,964$ $266,882$ Trade creditors $201,964$ $266,882$ Taxation and social security $46,660$ $43,704$	At 31 December 2016	=	£1,610
2017 2016 Trade debtors 257,594 335,131 Other debtors and prepayments 47,587 1,667 £305,181 £336,798 £336,798 7 Creditors 2017 2016 Due within one year Trade creditors 201,964 266,882 Taxation and social security 46,660 43,704	Finished goods and goods for resale		
Trade debtors $257,594$ $335,131$ Other debtors and prepayments $47,587$ $1,667$ £305,181 £336,798 7 Creditors 2017 2016 Due within one year 201,964 266,882 Taxation and social security 46,660 43,704	6 Debtors	2017	2016
2017 2016 Due within one year Trade creditors 201,964 266,882 Taxation and social security 46,660 43,704		257,594 47,587	335,131 1,667
Trade creditors 201,964 266,882 Taxation and social security 46,660 43,704	7 Creditors	2017	2016
Taxation and social security46,66043,704	-	001.041	

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£401,601

£418,893

8 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

The total amount of financial commitments not included in the balance sheet is £25,426 (2016 - £43,141).