Company Registration No. 09073795 (England and Wales)	
HUBERTUS DEVELOPMENTS LTD  ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017  PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

Downloaded from Datalog htt	tp://www.datalog.co.uk
HUBERTUS DEVELOPMENTS LTD	
CONTENTS	
	Page
Balance sheet	1
Notes to the financial statements	2 - 4

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	201	2017		2016	
Notes	£	£	£	£	
	4,593,789		2,285,072		
3	2,450,882		113,634		
	337		3,271		
	7,045,008		2,401,977		
4	(7,624,077)		(2,401,850)		
		(579.069)		127	
		====			
5		1		1	
		(579,070)		126	
		(579,069)		127	
	3	Notes £  4,593,789 2,450,882 337 7,045,008 4 (7,624,077)	Notes £ £  4,593,789 2,450,882 337 7,045,008  4 (7,624,077)  (579,069)  5 1 (579,070)	Notes £ £ £  4,593,789 2,285,072 3 2,450,882 113,634 337 3,271 7,045,008 2,401,977  4 (7,624,077) (2,401,850)  (579,069)  (579,069)  1 (579,070)	

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 29 October 2018

Mr G R Forrest **Director** 

Company Registration No. 09073795

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Hubertus Developments Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 2nd Floor Cuthbert House, All Saints Business Centre, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 2ET.

### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\mathfrak{L}$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of replacement cost and cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.3 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

# 1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 1 (2016 - 2).

### 3 Debtors

	2017	2016
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
Other debtors	2,441,096	113,634
Prepayments and accrued income	9,786	-
	2,450,882	113,634

Included within other debtors are amounts due from fellow companies within the group. The total amount outstanding as at 31 December 2017 was £2,438,405 (2016 £109,230).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	·	2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	2,611,091	17,287
	Amounts due to group undertakings	788,833	758,286
	Other creditors	4,221,656	1,626,277
	Accruals and deferred income	2,497	-
		7,624,077	2,401,850
	Included within other creditors are amounts due to fellow companies within the group. outstanding as at 31 December 2017 was $£4,221,656$ (2016 £1,626,277).	The total amount	
5	Called up share capital		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	1 Ordinary of £1 each	1	1
		1	1

# 6 Ultimate parent company

The company is a member of a group of companies, ultimately controlled by High Street GRP Limited.

