Company Registration No. 4947064 (England and Wales)	
AACRON PECKHAM HOLDINGS LIMITED  UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2018  PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** Mr A Tearle

Mrs D Tearle

Company number 4947064

Registered office 30 City Road

London EC1Y 2AB

Accountants Arram Berlyn Gardner (AH) Limited

30 City Road London EC1Y 2AB

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# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

		201	8	201	6
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		434		673
Current assets					
Debtors	4	21		19,245	
Cash at bank and in hand		180,716		240,650	
		180,737		259,895	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(3,281)		(16,570)	
Net current assets			177,456		243,325
Total assets less current liabilities			177,890		243,998
			====		
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		1,000		1,000
Profit and loss reserves	7		176,890		242,998
Total equity			177,890		243,998

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial period ended 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 July 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr A Tearle

Director

Company Registration No. 4947064

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Aacron Peckham Holdings Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 30 City Road, London, EC1Y 2AB. The principle place of business is 1 Top Park, Park Langley, Beckenham, Kent, BR3 2RU.

# 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\mathfrak{L}$ .

These financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2018 are the first financial statements of Aacron Peckham Holdings Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 November 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

#### 1.2 Reporting period

The accounting period was extended to a 17 month period to March 2018. Due to this, the comparative amounts presented in the financial statements are not entirely comparable.

## 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

# 1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

## Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

# 1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

# 1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

# 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the period was 2 (2016 - 2).

## 3 Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and mach	-
	•		£
	Cost		
	At 1 November 2016 and 31 March 2018		4,269
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 November 2016		3,596
	Depreciation charged in the period		239
	At 31 March 2018		3,835
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 March 2018		434
	At 31 October 2016		673
4	Debtors		
•	565613	2018	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
		•	10.015
	Other debtors	21 	19,245
		, <del></del>	
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2018	2016
		£	£
	Other taxation and social security	-	11,069
	Other creditors	3,281	5,501
		3,281	16,570

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

6	Called up share capital		
		2018	2016
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
		1,000	1,000
		<u>——</u>	

# 7 Profit and loss reserves

Retained earnings represents accumulated comprehensive income for the year and prior periods less dividends paid.

