

COLDCHOICE FOODS LIMITED

Filleted Accounts

31 January 2018

COLDCHOICE FOODS LIMITED

Registered number: 04636585

Balance Sheet

as at 31 January 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	478,895	498,916
Current assets			
Stocks		49,980	59,970
Debtors	4	167,332	164,356
Cash at bank and in hand		7,684	11,678
		<u>224,996</u>	<u>236,004</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(251,339)	(286,794)
Net current liabilities		<u>(26,343)</u>	<u>(50,790)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>452,552</u>	<u>448,126</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6	(224,074)	(240,886)
Provisions for liabilities		(27,042)	(32,469)
Net assets		<u>201,436</u>	<u>174,771</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		200,436	173,771
Shareholders' funds		<u>201,436</u>	<u>174,771</u>

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr A A Box

Director

Approved by the board on 18 October 2018

COLDCHOICE FOODS LIMITED

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 January 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery	25% per annum reducing balance basis
Motor vehicles	25% per annum reducing balance basis

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees	2018	2017
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company (including the director)	10	10

3 Tangible fixed assets

Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
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	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 February 2017	336,573	180,841	136,059	653,473
Additions	-	9,750	17,925	27,675
Disposals	-	-	(42,855)	(42,855)
At 31 January 2018	<u>336,573</u>	<u>190,591</u>	<u>111,129</u>	<u>638,293</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 February 2017	-	73,214	81,343	154,557
Charge for the year	-	28,124	18,734	46,858
On disposals	-	-	(42,017)	(42,017)
At 31 January 2018	<u>-</u>	<u>101,338</u>	<u>58,060</u>	<u>159,398</u>
Net book value				
At 31 January 2018	<u>336,573</u>	<u>89,253</u>	<u>53,069</u>	<u>478,895</u>
At 31 January 2017	336,573	107,627	54,716	498,916

4 Debtors	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade debtors and prepayments	<u>167,332</u>	<u>164,356</u>

5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	38,507	12,356
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	15,473	13,280
Trade creditors and accruals	174,119	240,042
Corporation tax	20,888	18,381
Other taxes and social security costs	2,297	2,361
Other creditors - director's loan account	55	374
	<u>251,339</u>	<u>286,794</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank loans	201,881	224,704

Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	22,193	16,182
	<u>224,074</u>	<u>240,886</u>

7 Loans	2018	2017
	£	£
Creditors include:		
Instalments falling due for payment after more than five years	<u>115,817</u>	<u>175,280</u>
Secured bank loans	<u>240,388</u>	<u>266,522</u>

The bank loans are secured by a fixed charge over the company's commercial land and buildings.

8 Events after the reporting date

There were no events after the reporting date which would affect the user's understanding of these accounts.

9 Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities in existence at the year end.

10 Controlling party

The controlling party is Mr and Mrs A A Box, who between them hold 76% of the company's issued ordinary share capital.

11 Other information

COLDCHOICE FOODS LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

24 Oswald Road
Chorlton Cum Hardy
Manchester
M21 9LP