# PAPILIO INTERIORS LTD

ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018



## Contents

Balance Sheet Notes to the Financial Statements <u>1</u> <u>2</u> to <u>4</u>

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# PAPILIO INTERIORS LTD

## (Registration number: 08608142) Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
	NOLE	£	L
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	1,688	685
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	1,059	188
Cash at bank and in hand		69,540	17,090
		70,599	17,278
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(64,074)	(11,382)
Net current assets		6,525	5,896
Total assets less current liabilities		8,213	6,581
Provisions for liabilities		(321)	(137)
Net assets		7,892	6,444
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		7,792	6,344
Total equity		7,892	6,444

For the financial year ending 31 July 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 8 November 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

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M Prall Director

> The notes on pages  $\underline{2}$  to  $\underline{4}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 1

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# PAPILIO INTERIORS LTD

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2018

### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: The Old Church School Papilio Butts Hill Frome Somerset BA11 1HR England

### 2 Accounting policies

### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A -'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

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The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

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# PAPILIO INTERIORS LTD

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2018

### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

### Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Computer equipment

25% on reducing balance

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

### **Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 2 (2017 - 2).

Page 3

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# PAPILIO INTERIORS LTD

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2018

## 4 Tangible assets

	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 August 2017	1,731	1,731
Additions	1,565	1,565
At 31 July 2018	3,296	3,296
Depreciation		
At 1 August 2017	1,046	1,046
Charge for the year	562	562
At 31 July 2018	1,608	1,608
Net book value		
At 31 July 2018	1,688	1,688
At 31 July 2017	685	685
5 Debtors		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Prepayments	294	188
Other debtors	765	-
	1,059	188
6 Creditors		
Amounts falling due within one year		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	1,416	-
Taxation and social security	11,450	2,189
Accruals and deferred income	2,133	674
Other creditors	27,816	1,063
Corporation tax	21,259	7,456
	64,074	11,382

Page 4