# **REGISTERED NUMBER: 06540327 (England and Wales)**

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

for

AIR XTREME LIMITED

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# AIR XTREME LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 06540327)

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# AIR XTREME LIMITED

# Company Information FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

**DIRECTORS:** D Blake

 $T\:G\:Crook$ 

**SECRETARY:** T G Crook

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 4 Applin Green

4 Applin Green Emersons Green

Bristol BS16 7ES

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 06540327 (England and Wales)

**ACCOUNTANTS:** Haines Watts

Chartered Accountants

6 - 8 Bath Street

Bristol BS1 6HL

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# Balance Sheet 31 MARCH 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		22,046		24,356
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		1,500		1,500	
Debtors	5	34,499		66,778	
Cash at bank and in hand		76,809		16,894	
		112,808		85,172	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	ar 6	87,375		87,414	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABI	LITIES)		25,433		(2,242)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURREN	T				
LIABILITIES			47,479		22,114
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than	n				
one	7		(9,088)		(17,134)
year	,		(5,000)		(17,131)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	$\mathbf{S}$		(4,628)		(4,628)
NET ASSETS			33,763		352
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			4		4
Retained earnings					
			35,/63		352
Retained earnings			33,759 33,763		348 352

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387

(a) of the Companies

Act 2006 and

preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end

of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the

(b) requirements of

Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to

financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

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# AIR XTREME LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 06540327)

Balance Sheet - continued 31 MARCH 2019

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 8 October 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

T G Crook - Director

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#### Notes to the Financial Statements FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 1. COMPANY INFORMATION

Air Xtreme Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's

registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The company's principal activities and nature of its operations are disclosed in the Directors' Report.

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary

amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year and

derives from the provision of services falling within the company's ordinary activities.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Fixtures and fittings - 25% on reducing balance Motor vehicles - 25% on reducing balance

## **Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials and where

applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their

present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred

in marketing, selling and distribution.

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# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

## Cash and cash equivalents

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12

'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are

recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets

and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally

enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise

the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other debtors, amounts due from group undertakings and cash

and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently

carried at amortised cost. Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows

from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the

risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are

retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an

unrelated third party.

#### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors and amounts due to group undertakings are

initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the

debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. Financial

liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the company's contractual obligations are discharged,

cancelled, or they expire.

### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account,

except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or

substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the

balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different

from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using

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laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the

reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they

will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

# Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the

lease. Page 5 continued...

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

## Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension

scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

# 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 7 (2018 - 5).

# 4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
COST			
At 1 April 2018	30,121	50,417	80,538
Additions	<u>1,704</u>	<u>3,334</u>	_5,038
At 31 March 2019	31,825	53,751	85,576
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 April 2018	28,440	27,742	56,182
Charge for year	<b>846</b>	6,502	7,348
At 31 March 2019	29,286	34,244	63,530
NET BOOK VALUE		<u> </u>	
At 31 March 2019	2,539	19,507	22,046
At 31 March 2018	1,681	22,675	24,356

Amounts included in fixed assets relating to hire purchase agreements are £31,759 (2018 - £46,217), with

2010

2010

accumulated depreciation amounting to £18,361 (2018 - £23,778).

# 5. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

2019	2018
£	£
34,499	64,909
	1,869
34,499	66,778
	£ 34,499

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Hire purchase contracts	8,045	8,045
	Trade creditors	6,111	10,940
	Tax	30,459	26,568
	Social security and other taxes	4,691	438
	Pension control	91	28
	VAT	7,698	21,047
	Other creditors	2,071	987
	Net wages control	3,295	-
	Directors' current accounts	22,914	17,861
	Accrued expenses	2,000	1,500
		87,375	87,414
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE		
	YEAR		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Hire purchase contracts	9,088	17,134

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