REGISTERED NUMBER: 05435846 (England and Wales)

Group Strategic Report,
Report of the Directors and
Consolidated Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 March 2019
for
Tritech Group Limited



$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tritech Group Limited (Registered number:} \\ \textbf{05435846)} \end{array}$

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Tritech Group Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

DIRECTORS: I J Walker

S Goodfellow A R White S J Goodier F D Neterwala A F Neterwala S S Docherty M Langford

SECRETARY: M Langford

REGISTERED OFFICE: Bridge Road North

Wrexham Industrial Estate

Wrexham Clwyd LL13 9PS

REGISTERED NUMBER: 05435846 (England and Wales)

SENIOR STATUTORY

AUDITOR:

Ashley Conway

AUDITORS: Mitten Clarke Audit Limited

Statutory Auditors

The Glades Festival Way Stoke on Trent Staffordshire ST1 5SQ

Group Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

The directors present their strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended

31 March 2019.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS Introduction

Tritech Group was founded in 1982 as a center of excellence for providing investment casting products and

services. During the year ultimate ownership of the group headed by Neterson Holdings Limited transferred

from Uni-Deritend Limited to Chemicals and Ferro Alloys Private Limited which is still part of the

Neterwala group of companies. The origins of the group in investment casting still dominate activities but

continuous developments, which have included new acquisitions, new applications and process

improvements, have seen the business go from strength to strength.

The financial measures used by the Group is set out below:

The financial review provides a summary of how Tritech Group Limited "the Group" has performed during

the year and provides additional information to that contained within the financial statements. The report

also comments further on the Group's profitability and cash flow and the key performance measures that

are used to manage the ongoing performance of the Group.

Financial Overview

The financial year ending March 2019 saw a growth in Turnover of 6%, on top of increases in prior years of

increases in prior years of 12% last year. The nature of the products sold, added to improved group performance, provide the basis

of a budgeted turnover set at £38.42m for 2019-20, an increase of 9% on 2018-19. The value within the

group orderbook provides the basis for this continual, sustained top line sales growth. New contracts

continue to be secured which will provide additional sales in forward years.

Gross margin was slightly improved year on year to 25%, whilst administration costs fell slightly year on

year. Further development of the India casting supply chain continued in the year to March 2019 and is

now creating capacity for the UK sites to work on higher complexity of product manufacturing. In addition

to these factors, continuous improvement activities and the ability to utilise group resources mean the

Directors expect to maintain gross margin level in the coming years.

With the investment in overheads made in 2017-18 the group was able to deliver increased turnover on a

reduced overhead cost base in 2018-19. Administration costs fell from 22% of Sales to 20% in the year $\,$

ending March 2019. The Directors believe the required infrastructure is in place to deliver significant

turnover growth going forward and all within existing site footprints.

Future Developments

shareholders and it is

provided by long-term value from sales growth, profitability, cash generation and strong return on capital

employed. These shared views drive decision making and behaviour in the group with the financial

objectives aligned to this end and focused on five key objectives:

- Increasing revenue;
- Improving operating margins, to support investment in the business growth plan
- Maximising return on capital employed;
- Maximising free cash flow. Page Focus on 'Right First Time' manufacturizg.

Group Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Key Performance Indicators

The five year record of financial performance metrics is set out below:

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Sales turnover	£35.2m	£33.2m	£29.7m	£26.2m	£29.1m
Gross profit	£8.75m	£8.23m	£8.55m	£7.35m	£8.30m
EBITDA	£3.43m	£2.75m	£2.87m	£2.04m	£2.69m
EBITDA % of sales	9.8%	8.3%	9.7%	7.8%	9.2%
Profit/(loss) before tax	£1.52m	£0.53m	£1.32m	£0.03m	£0.91m

Financial Results

For the year ended 31 March 2019, group revenue increased over £2 million to £35,18m (2018: £33.16m).

Whilst this increase was not at prior year levels the Directors are encouraged with current market

conditions and a full strategic review undertaken in the year projects revenue to reach a target of £62m by March 2023.

Gross profit of £8.751m was £519k improved on prior year. The gross margin percentage was 25% and the

Directors are encouraged by the ability to deliver increased sales on a reduced overhead base. As in prior

years the strong market conditions have resulted in 90% of the 2020 budget already being on hand to

deliver going forward.

As stated in the prior year report the effect of new part introductions in 2018 began to return improved

profitability in addition to continued optimisation of available manufacturing facilities available to the group.

Cash Flow

Significant improvements in the control of working capital produced a material reduction in trade debtor ${\bf r}$

days with external trade debtors falling to £8.1m from £9.0m and this on increased turnover.

Improvement in trade creditor terms also supplied further capital for the group to invest in Inventory and

Fixed assets which supported the improvement in profitability achieved in the year.

Capital Expenditure

During the year the Group invested £1.32 million (2017-18: £1.85m) in capital expenditure. Capital

expenditure is subject to capital appraisal reviews with clear authority levels in place throughout the Group.

Debt

 $\pm 5.8 m.$ This is as a result of repayments made on the loans used to acquire subsidiary companies. The directors believe that the

level of debt in the Group is manageable and do not expect a significant increase in the level of debt in

the coming years.

Group Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES Mitigating Potential Risks to the Business

The group has a constant challenge to meet customer expectation and demand in constantly growing and expanding markets.

Tritech is benefitting by being part of many long term and growing programs with our valued long term

customers. It is important that the business is ready to absorb the growth. The expansion plans which

started in 2016 (addition of adjacent new site for the Wrexham foundry and plans in place for expansion of

the Wrexham machining facility) puts the business in a good position to deal with uplift in business. Also

we have the ability to 'share' business around the 4 foundries within the Group (includes the India

operation) with customer approval.

The business has good long term visibility of customer orders (up to 18 months) and good intelligence of

the various programs of work we are engaged upon. This enables early warning of capacity and manning

level requirements, and also gives pre warning of any potential reductions to the order book so that

corrective actions can be taken.

There is a general uncertainty as to the outcome and timescales of brexit developments.

This is tempered by the group having a less than significant sales and supply chain exposure from the EU.

Financial risks

The main risks associated with the group's financial assets and liabilities are set out below:

Interest rate risks

The Group finances its operations through a mixture of retained profits and external borrowings. The

external borrowings are at fixed interest rates. This gives the group certainty regarding the interest payable on borrowings.

Cashflow risk

The Group aims to mitigate cashflow risk by managing cash generated by its operations. Authorisation

limits are in place for all types of expenditure.

Group Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Foreign currency risk

The Group's transactions are predominantly in Sterling, US Dollar and Euros. The Group seeks to mitigate

the effect of its structural currency exposure by purchasing in the same functional currency as it sells.

The Group does not hedge any currency exposure.

Credit risk

The Group's objective is to reduce the risk of financial loss due to a customer's failure to honour its

obligations. All customers are subject to credit control procedures and each customer has an appropriate

credit limit set. Where credit risk is perceived, payment must be made by letter of credit or payment in advance of sale/distribution.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

M Langford - Director

17 December 2019

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31 March 2019.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The Group's principal activities during the year continued to be the manufacture of precision investment castings.

DIVIDENDS

No interim dividends were paid during the year (2018 - £403,420).

The directors recommend that no final dividends be paid.

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31st March 2019 will be £NIL (2018 - £403,420).

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

During the year the company undertook research and development activities.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2018 to the date of this report.

IJ Walker

S Goodfellow

A R White

S I Goodier

F D Neterwala

A F Neterwala

S S Docherty

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

M Parry - resigned 15 November 2018 M Langford - appointed 15 November 2018

GOING CONCERN

After making enquiries the directors have a reasonable expectation that the group has adequate resources

to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the

going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the

going concern basis can be found in note 2, accounting policies.

DISABLED EMPLOYEES

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the abilities

of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled every effort is made to

ensure that their employment with the Company continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is

the policy of the Company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons

should, as far as possible, be identical to that of other employees.

EMPLOYEE CONSULTATION

The Group places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and has continued to keep them

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

DISCLOSURE IN THE STRATEGIC REPORT

The review of business and the principal risks and uncertainties applicable to the group are included in the Strategic Report.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the

financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that

law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom

Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under

company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they

give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of

the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any
- material departures
 - disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
 - prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is
- inappropriate to presume that
 - the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and

explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the

financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements

comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company

and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the

Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps

that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information

and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

Mitten Clarke Audit Limited, has indicated its willingness to continue in office and will be proposed for

re-appointment in accordance with section 485 Companies Act 2006.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

M Langford - Director
Page
17 December 2019
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Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Tritech Group Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Tritech Group Limited (the 'parent company') and its

subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the Consolidated Income

Statement, Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Balance Sheet, Company Balance

Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Company Statement of Changes in Equity,

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the

Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting

framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting

Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the

UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company

- affairs as at

31 March 2019 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;

have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally

- Accepted Accounting

Practice; and

have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and

applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors'

responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the

group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial

statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical

responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have

obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us

to report to you where:

the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the

- financial statements

is not appropriate; or

the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that

may cast significant doubt about the group's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of

accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are

authorised for issue.

Other informationThe directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information

in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include

statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent

otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information

and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial

statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we

identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine

whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the

other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material

misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in Page this regard.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Tritech Group Limited

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial

year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and

the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in

- accordance with

applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment

obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic

Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us

to report to you if, in our opinion:

adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns

- adequate for our

audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or

the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting

- records and returns;

or

- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page seven, the directors

are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true

and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation

of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent

company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going

concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the

group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are

free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that

includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an

audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the

aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the

basis of these financial statements.

located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms Page part of our Report of the Auditors. 9

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Tritech Group Limited

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16

of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's

members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other

purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone

other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for

the opinions we have formed.

Ashley Conway (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Mitten Clarke Audit Limited Statutory Auditors The Glades Festival Way Stoke on Trent Staffordshire ST1 5SQ

17 December 2019

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tritech Group Limited (Registered number:} \\ \textbf{05435846)} \end{array}$

Consolidated Income Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 as restated £
TURNOVER	3	35,181,652	33,162,635
Cost of sales GROSS PROFIT		2 <u>6,431,098</u> 8,750,554	2 <u>4,930,687</u> 8,231,948
Administrative expenses		6,869,155 1,881,399	7,143,866 1,088,082
Other operating income OPERATING PROFIT	5	186,000 2,067,399	96,000 1,184,082
Interest receivable and simila	r income	$\frac{286}{2,067,685}$	2,302 1,186,384
Interest payable and similar expenses PROFIT BEFORE TAXATIO	7 DN	559,205 1,508,480	656,822 529,562
Tax on profit PROFIT FOR THE FINANCE Profit attributable to:	8 IAL YEAR	31,577 1,476,903	157,260 372,302
Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests		1,266,789 210,114 1,476,903	222,268 150,034 372,302

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tritech Group Limited (Registered number:} \\ \textbf{05435846)} \end{array}$

Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 as restated £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		1,476,903	372,302
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	INCOME	-	372,302
Prior year adjustment TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME SINCE LAST ANNUAL REPORT	Note 11	<u>(123,370)</u> 1,353,533	
Total comprehensive income a Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	ttributable to:	1,143,419 210,114 1,353,533	222,268 150,034 372,302

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tritech Group Limited (Registered number:} \\ \textbf{05435846)} \end{array}$

Consolidated Balance Sheet 31 March 2019

		20)19	_	18
	Notes	s £	£	as res £	stated £
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	12		720,903		761,722
Tangible assets Investments	13 14		7,655,813	-	7,657,387
nivestinents	14		8,376,716		8,419,109
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	15	11,336,578		9,470,053	
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	16	10,266,508 100,208		9,847,469	
Cash at Dank and In Hand		21,703,294		687,607 20,005,129	
CREDITORS		21,703,234		20,003,123	
Amounts falling due within one year	17	17,531,499		16,904,482	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			4,171,795		3,100,647
TOTAL ASSETS LESS					
CURRENT LIABILITIES			12,548,511		11,519,756
-					
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more	•				
than			(0.005.005	N	(0.001.107)
one year	18		(2,395,387)	(2,691,167)
PROVISIONS FOR	0.0		(0 - 0 -		(004 006)
LIABILITIES	23		(579,532	1)	(631,900)
NET ASSETS			9,573,592		8,196,689

The notes form part of these financial statements

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continued...

Consolidated Balance Sheet continued 31 March 2019

		2019			s ted
	Notes	£	£	£	£
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	24		5,764,076	5	,764,076
Retained earnings - unrealised	25		906,289	1	,058,455
Other reserves	25		124,000		124,000
Retained earnings	25		<u>2,303,369</u>	_	884,413
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			9,097,734	7	,830,944
NON CONTROLLING					
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	26		475,858		365,745
TOTAL EQUITY			9,573,592	8	,196,689

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 17 December 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

I J Walker - Director

M Langford - Director

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tritech Group Limited (Registered number:} \\ \textbf{05435846)} \end{array}$

Company Balance Sheet 31 March 2019

		20	019	2018
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	£	£	as restated £ £
Intangible assets Tangible assets Investments	12 13 14		1 <u>1,025,528</u> 1 <u>1,025,528</u>	1 <u>1,025,528</u> 11,025,528
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	16	300,000		213,945
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	1 /	1,291,055	<u>(991,055</u>) 10,034,473	1,005,000 (791,055) 10,234,473
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year NET ASSETS	e 18		1 <u>0,034,473</u>	500,000 <u>9,734,473</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Other reserves Retained earnings SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	24 25 25		5,764,076 124,000 4,146,397 1 <u>0,034,473</u>	5,764,076 124,000 3,846,397 9,734,473
Company's profit for the finance	cial yea	r	300,000	402,893

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 17 December 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

M Langford - Director

I J Walker - Director

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tritech Group Limited (Registered number:} \\ \textbf{05435846)} \end{array}$

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

		Called up share	Retained	Retained earnings
		capital £	earnings £	unrealised £
Balance at 1 April 2017		5,764,076	961,038	1,162,982
Changes in equity Transfer of realised reserves Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 March 2018 Prior year adjustment As restated		5,764,076 - 5,764,076	63,065 (403,420) 387,100 1,007,783 (123,370) 884,413	(63,065) (41,462) 1,058,455 - 1,058,455
Changes in equity Transfer of realised reserves Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 March 2019		<u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>5,764,076</u>	152,166 1,266,789 2,303,368	(152,166)
	Other reserves	Total	Non- controlling interests	
	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2017	124,000	8,012,096	215,711	8,227,807
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 March 2018 Prior year adjustment As restated	124,000 - 124,000	(403,420) 345,638 7,954,314 (123,370) 7,830,944	150,034 365,745 - 365,745	(403,420) 495,672 8,320,059 (123,370) 8,196,689
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 March 2019	124,000	1,266,789 9,097,733	(100,000) 210,114 475,859	(100,000) 1,476,903 9,573,592

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tritech Group Limited (Registered number:} \\ \textbf{05435846)} \end{array}$

Company Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

	Called uj share capital £	Retained earnings £	Other reserves £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 April 2017	5,764,076	3,846,924	124,000	9,735,000
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 March 2018	- - 5,764,076	(403,420) 402,893 3,846,397	124,000	(403,420) 402,893 9,734,473
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income Balance at 31 March 2019		300,000 4,146,397	124,000	300,000 10,034,473

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tritech Group Limited (Registered number:} \\ \textbf{05435846)} \end{array}$

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

	N	2019	2018 as restated
6 1 5 6	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating		4 000 070	0.444.454
Cash generated from operation	ons 1	1,336,672	2,444,454
Interest paid		-	(514,495)
Interest element of finance le	ase		(4.40.00=)
payments paid		-	(142,327)
Tax paid		169,393	(405,364)
Net cash from operating acti	vities	<u>1,506,065</u>	<u>1,382,268</u>
Cash flows from investing		(1,020)	
Purchase of intangible fixed a		(1,839)	(716.016)
Purchase of tangible fixed as	sets	(674,140)	(716,216)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		183	-
Interest received		286	2,302
Net cash from investing activ	rities	<u>(675,510</u>)	<u>(713,914</u>)
Cash flows from financing	r activities		
New loans in year	j activities	250,000	
Loan repayments in year		(82,208)	-
New finance leases		770,000	893,000
		(1,388,600)	(1,303,330)
Capital repayments in year		(407,878)	(1,303,330)
Interest paid	oo oo naid		-
Interest elements of finance le	ease paid	(151,327)	(402 420)
Equity dividends paid	torosto	(100,000)	(403,420)
Dividends paid to minority in		(100,000)	(012.750)
Net cash from financing activ	vities	(<u>1,110,013</u>)	(813,750)
Decrease in cash and cash	h oquivalente	(279,458)	(145,396)
Cash and cash equivalent		(4/9,430)	(143,390)
at			
beginning of year	2	(5,725,740)	(5,580,345)
Cash and cash equivalent	S		
at end of	2	(6,005,109)	(5 725 740)
year	۷	(6,005,198)	(5,725,740)

Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

2019	2018
	as
	restated
£	£
1,508,480	529,562
1,252,822	1,112,707
(583)	=
110,706	98,371
559,205	656,822
(286)	(2,302)
3,430,344	2,395,160
(1,866,525)	(274,140)
(595,209)	319,850
368,062	3,584
1,336,672	2,444,454
	£ 1,508,480 1,252,822 (583) 110,706 559,205 (286) 3,430,344 (1,866,525) (595,209) 368,062

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 31 March 2019

tear ended 31 March 2019		
	31.3.19	1.4.18
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	100,208	687,607
Bank overdrafts	(6,105,406)(
	(6,005,198)	5,725,740)
Year ended 31 March 2018	`	
	31.3.18	1.4.17
	as rest	ated
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	687,607	675,314
Bank overdrafts	(6,413,347)(6,255,659)
	(5,725,740)	

Error Messages from the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

**LAST YEAR - MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS CALCULATED IN CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT DOES NOT AGREE TO MOVEMENT PER BALANCE SHEET

COMPARE MOVEMENT ON CONSOLIDATED CASH = (145,396)

TO MOVEMENT PER BALANCE SHEET

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS LESS BANK OVERDRAFTS

12,293 - 157,688 = (145,395)



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Tritech Group Limited is a private company, limited by shares , registered in England and Wales.

The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General

Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The group financial statements are presented in pound sterling and rounded to thousands unless otherwise stated.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard

102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose

related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Transactions between group entities which have been eliminated on consolidation are not disclosed within the financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements,

estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily

apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical

experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from

these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to

accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision

affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects

both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

In the opinion of the directors', there are no critical judgements, apart from those involving

estimations (dealt with separately below), that they have made in applying group's accounting

policies and that have had a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial

statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The directors consider that the key estimates and assumptions used in preparing the financial

statements are as follows:

- The estimation of the cost of individual stock items from their selling price

The company has adopted the retail method for valuing work in progress and finished goods. This

requires the directors to estimate the gross margin percentage that is used to reduce the selling

price to the estimated cost.

- The estimate of the provision necessary for slow moving stocks

The directors have estimated the provision required for stocks that have been manufactured but currently have no orders allocated against them.

- The economic useful life of tangible fixed assets.

The directors have estimated the useful economic life of tangible fixed assets and charged depreciation according to the life of the asset.

- The economic useful life of goodwill

Management review the useful economic lives of amortisable assets at each reporting date as to

TRITECH GROUP LIMITED Financial Accounts 2019-03-31

lives. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to the actual life of the intangible fixed assets. $\,$

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the

Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the

consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales

taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the
- degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably; it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under
- the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiary undertakings and businesses, representing any

excess of the fair value of consideration given over the fair value of identifiable assets and

liabilities acquired, is capitalised and written off on a straight line basis over its economic useful

life, which is 10 years. Provision is made for any impairment.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are

measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Computer software is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of five years.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided in equal annual instalments in order to write off the cost, less estimated

residual value, of each tangible fixed asset over it's useful life.

Improvements to leasehold

10 & 25 years premises Plant and machinery 3 - 10 years 4 years Motor vehicles 3 - 5 years Computer equipment

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in

circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost (or deemed cost) less

accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes

expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition

necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

At each reporting date the company assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such

indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined which is the higher of its fair

value less costs to sell and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying

amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

The company adds to the carrying amount of an item of fixed assets the cost of replacing part of

such an item when that cost is incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental

future benefits to the company. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs

and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Stocks

Stocks include items purchased and exclude items sold, subject to reservation of

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost or net realisable value as follows:

Raw materials Cost on a first in, first out basis

Measured using percentage

complete and

then selling price reduced by

Work in progress gross margin percentage.

Measured using the retail method

which is

TRITECH GROUP LIMITED Financial Accounts 2019-03-31

Finished goods - margin percentage.

Cost includes expenditure incurred in bringing stocks to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal. Provision is made for obsolete, slow moving or defective items where appropriate.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated $\ \ \,$

Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive $\$

income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been

enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods

different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured

using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that

are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is

probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Research and development

Research and development expenditure is written off as incurred, except that development

expenditure incurred on an individual project is carried forward when it's future recoverability can $\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \frac{1}{2} \int_$

be reasonably regarded as assured. Any expenditure carried forward is amortised in line with the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{L}}$

expected future sales from the related project.

Foreign currencies

The group's functional and presentation currency is in pounds sterling (£). Transactions in foreign

currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and

liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the

balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of

ownership of the asset have passed to the Company, and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in

the balance sheet and depreciated over their useful lives. The capital elements of future

obligations under leases and hire purchase contracts are included as liabilities in the balance sheet.

TRITECH GROUP LIMITED Financial Accounts 2019-03-31

account over the

periods of the leases and hire purchase contracts and represent a constant proportion of the

balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis

over the life of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a money purchase (defined contribution) pension scheme. Contributions $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{$

payable to this scheme are charged in the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

These contributions are invested Psages 25 tely from the company's assets ntinued...

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are held at cost.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the group becomes a party to the

contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the

contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a

residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities.

(i) Financial assets and liabilities

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction

costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are

initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs),

unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a

financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of

the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only

when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the company

intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Debt instruments that are classified as payable or receivable within one year on initial recognition

and which meet these conditions are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other

consideration expected to be paid or received, net of impairment.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows

from the financial asset expire or are settled, (b) the group transfers to another party substantially

all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or (c) the group, despite having

retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is

discharged, cancelled or expires.

(ii) Investments and Equity instruments

Investments in non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares (where the

TRITECH GROUP LIMITED Financial Accounts 2019-03-31

traded or their fair value can be reliably measured) are measured at fair value through the profit

and loss account. Where fair value cannot be measured reliably, investments are measured at \cos

less impairment.

In the group balance sheet, investment in subsidiaries are measured at cost less impairment.

Equity instruments issued by the group are recorded at the fair value of cash or other resources $% \left(x\right) =\left(x\right) +\left(x\right) +\left$

received or receivable net of directgies216 costs.

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tritech Group Limited (Registered number:} \\ \textbf{05435846)} \end{array}$

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

3. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the group.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

	UK Rest of Europe Rest of the World	2019 f 25,780,048 5,994,863 3,406,741 35,181,652	5,691,154 2,127,310
4.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS	2019	2018 as restated
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	£ 13,338,670 1,099,209 273,947 14,711,826	1,184,842 250,279
	The average number of employees during the year was	s as follows: 2019	2018 as restated
	Production Office and management	358 102 460	346 100 446
		2019 £	2018 as restated £
	Directors' remuneration Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	626,124 54,545	680,802 55,936
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefit follows:	its were acci	ruing was as
	Money purchase schemes	5	5

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS - continued

	Information regarding the highest paid director is as f	ollows.	
	information regarding the ingliest paid director is as i	2019	2018
		_010	as
			restated
		£	£
	Emoluments etc	152,564	178,024
	Pension contributions to money purchase schemes	14,417	<u> 11,153</u>
5.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting	1).	
	The operating promite stated arter energing, (ereating	,,,	
		2019	2018
			as
			restated
		£	£
	Hire of plant and machinery	48,737	37,036
	Other operating leases	609,957	629,782
	Depreciation - owned assets	742,780	491,929
	Depreciation - assets on finance leases	510,042	620,779
	Profit on disposal of fixed assets Goodwill amortisation	(583) 98,371	- 00 271
	Computer software amortisation	12,335	98,371
	Foreign exchange differences	12,333	_
	i oreign exchange unrerences		
6.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
0.	MODITORO REPLONERATION	2019	2018
		_010	as
			restated
		£	£
	Fees payable to the company's auditors and their		
	associates for	17,780	15,280
	the audit of the company's financial statements		
	Auditors' remuneration for non audit work	<u>20,119</u>	<u>31,284</u>
		2019	2018
		£'000	£'000
	Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its	E 000	L 000
	associates for the		
	audit of the parent Company and the Group's		
	consolidated	2	2
	financial statements		
	Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its		
	associates for		
	other services:	20	0.0
	Audit of the Company's subsidiaries	30	20
	All other services	9	9
	=	39	29

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tritech Group Limited (Registered number:} \\ \textbf{05435846)} \end{array}$

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

7	INTEREST	PAVARIF	AND SIMII	AR EXPENSES
/ .	TAILTILL	IAIADLL		

2018
as
restated
£
220,534
293,961
142,327
656,822

8. **TAXATION**

Analysis of the tax chargeThe tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:

The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	2019	2018 as restated
Current toy.	£	£
Current tax: UK corporation tax	193,103	151,938
Over provision of prior year tax Total current tax	(<u>109,158</u>) 83,945	- 151,938
Deferred tax Tax on profit	(52,368) 31,577	5,322 157,260

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

8. TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The

difference is explained below:

	2019	2018 as restated
Profit before tax	£ 1,508,480	£ 529,563
Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation	1,500,100	020,000
tax in the UK	286,611	100,617
of 19% (2018 - 19%)	200,011	100,017
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	10,881	2,684
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(40,103)	-
Utilisation of tax losses Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous	(23,440)	30,452
periods	(109,158)	23,440
Change in rate of taxation on deferred tax balance	-	514
Research and development expenses	-	(20,330)
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	30,008	-
Depreciation of assets not qualifying for capital allowances	-	18,782
Profit on disposal of assets	(111)	-
Amortisation of goodwill	17,352	1,340
Losses claimed under group relief	(88,095)	<u>-</u>
Rounding differences	- (50.000)	(239)
Movement in deferred tax	<u>(52,368</u>)	157.000
Total tax charge	31,577	<u>157,260</u>
**PROFIT BEFORE TAX FOR LAST YEAR ON CLIENT SC	REEN OF	529,563
DOES NOT AGREE TO AMOUNT ON INCOME STATEM	IENT OF	529,562

Factors that may affect future tax charge

Changes to the UK corporation tax rates were announced in the Chancellors Budget on 16 March

2016 and enacted in the Finance Act 2016 which received Royal Assent on 15 September 2016.

These included reductions to the main rate to reduce the rate to 17% from 1 April 2020.

9. INDIVIDUAL INCOME STATEMENT

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement of the parent

company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

10. **DIVIDENDS**

11. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT

The directors have considered the classification of a finance lease recorded previously as bank

loans. This has now been recorded as a finance lease. Bank loans have been reduced by £172,000

and finance lease balance within 1 year has increased by the same amount. Bank loans over 1 year

have reduced by £636,000 and finance lease 2-5 years have increased by the same amount. There is

no impact upon the reported net assets or loss for the prior year.

The directors have considered the classification of depreciation of plant and machinery previously

recorded in administration expenses. These have now been reclassified in COS and the amount

reclassified in the prior year is £182,000. There is no effect on the reported profit or net assets of the prior year.

The directors have identified an error in relation to interest payable for finance facilities used by

the group. The error is £123,000 and consequently the reported net assets have been reduced by

this amount and the loss incurred in the prior year has been increased.

The directors have identified an error in respect of tangible fixed assets acquired on hire purchase

and finance lease in the cashflow statement. Assets acquired under hire purchase or finance lease

agreements were previously shown as cash outflows rather than an increase in net debt. The

payments to acquire tangible fixed assets have been reduced by £1,324,000 and the new hire $\,$

purchase in the year is now £893,000. The increase in finance lease borrowings has been disclosed

as a major non cash transaction. There is no effect on the increase in cash and cash equivalents for

the prior year. There is also no impact on the reported net assets or profit of the prior period.

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tritech Group Limited (Registered number:} \\ \textbf{05435846)} \end{array}$

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

12. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

COST	Goodwill £	Compute software £	
At 1 April 2018 Additions Reclassification/transfer At 31 March 2019 AMORTISATION	4,263,744 - - - 4,263,744	1,839 261,336 263,175	4,263,744 1,839 261,336 4,526,919
At 1 April 2018 Amortisation for year Reclassification/transfer At 31 March 2019 NET BOOK VALUE	3,502,022 98,371 	12,335 193,288 205,623	3,502,022 110,706 193,288 3,806,016
At 31 March 2019 At 31 March 2018	663,351 761,722	57,552 -	720,903 761,722
Company			Goodwill £
At 1 April 2018 and 31 March 2019 AMORTISATION At 1 April 2018			3,280,000
and 31 March 2019 NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2019			3,280,000
At 31 March 2018			

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tritech Group Limited (Registered number:} \\ \textbf{05435846)} \end{array}$

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

13. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group

COOT	Improvements Fixtures to Plant and and property machinery fittings £ £
COST At 1 April 2018 Additions	818,492 10,613,538 2,691 8,850 1,294,525 -
Reclassification/transfer	- (34,558) -
At 31 March 2019	827,342 11,873,505 2,691
DEPRECIATION	274 050 2 517 060 2 601
At 1 April 2018 Charge for year	374,850 3,517,069 2,691 51,922 1,155,822 -
Eliminated on disposal	51,922 1,133,022 -
Reclassification/transfer	- (4,581) -
At 31 March 2019	426,772 4,668,310 2,691
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2019	400,570 7,205,195 -
At 31 March 2018	443,642 7,096,469 -
	Motor Computer vehicles equipment Totals £ £ £
COST	
At 1 April 2018	117,329 655,519 12,207,569
Additions	- 15,521 1,318,896
Disposals Reclassification/transfer	(30,231) - (30,231) - (226,778) (261,336)
At 31 March 2019	87,098 444,262 13,234,898
DEPRECIATION	07,030 111,202 13,231,030
At 1 April 2018	102,640 552,932 4,550,182
Charge for year	10,132 34,946 1,252,822
Eliminated on disposal	(30,631) - (30,631)
Reclassification/transfer	- (188,707) (193,288)
At 31 March 2019	82,141 399,171 5,579,085
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 March 2019	4,957 45,091 7,655,813
At 31 March 2018	14,689 102,587 7,657,387

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

13. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Group

On transition to FRS 102 the group elected to revalue its plant and machinery and adopt this

valuation as deemed cost. If plant and machinery had not been revalued it would have been

included at cost as follows:

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Cost	15,718	14,459
Depreciation	(9,938)	(8,747)
_	5,780	5,711

The net book value of tangible fixed assets on hire purchase or finance lease is £3,935,000 (2018 - £4,825,000).

14. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Company

Shares in group undertakings £

COST

At 1 April 2018
and 31 March 2019

NET BOOK VALUE

At 31 March 2019

At 31 March 2018

At 31 March 2018

11,025,528

11,025,528

The group or the company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

Subsidiaries

Tritech Precision Products Limited

Registered office: Bridge Road North, Wrexham Industrial Estate, Wrexham, LL13 9PS.

Nature of business: Precision investment castings manufacturer

Class of shares: holding Ordinary £1 100.00

Tritech Precision Products (Barnstaple) Limited

Registered office: Bridge Road North, Wrexham Industrial Estate, Wrexham, LL13 9PS.

Nature of business: Aluminium casting manufacturer

Class of shares: holding Ordinary £1 100.00

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

14. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - continued

BRP Composites Limited

Registered office: Bridge Road North, Wrexham Industrial Estate, Wrexham, II13 9PS

Nature of business: Plastic and metal products manufacturer

Class of shares: holding Ordinary £1 75.00

15. **STOCKS**

Gi	roup
2019	2018
	as
	restated
£	£
1,483,847	1,356,329
7,251,993	5,754,615
2,600,738	2,359,109
1 <u>1,336,578</u>	9,470,053

Stock recognised in cost of sales during the year as an expense was £11,770,000 (2018 - £11,167,000).

16. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	Group		Com	pany
	2019	2018	2019	2018
		as		as
		restated		restated
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	8,107,465	9,036,713	-	-
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,212,542	154,871	300,000	213,945
Other debtors	152,761	-	-	-
Tax	85,289	261,459	-	-
Prepayments	708,451	394,426	=	-
	10,266,508	9,847,469	300,000	213,945

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

17. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group		Cor	npany
	2019	2018	2019	2018
		as		as
		restated		restated
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (se note 19)	e 6,105,406	6,413,347	-	-
Other loans (see note 19)	167,792	-	-	-
Finance leases (see note 20)		1,181,079	-	-
Trade creditors	4,265,463	3,657,345	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,193,110	4,200,024	1,041,055	1,005,000
Tax	193,103	115,935	-	-
Social security and other taxes	303,659		-	-
VAT	352,890	342,213	-	-
Other creditors	309,672	45,020	250,000	-
Accrued expenses	637,389	663,927	-	
	1 <u>7,531,499</u>	16,904,482	1,291,055	1,005,000

18. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	G	roup	Con	npany
	2019	2018	2019	2018
		as		as
		restated		restated
	£	£	£	£
Finance leases (see note 20)	2,395,387	2,191,167	-	_
Other creditors	-	500,000	-	500,000
	2 <u>,395,387</u>	2,691,167		500,000

19. **LOANS**

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	G	Group	
	2019	2018	
		as	
		restated	
	£	£	
Amounts falling due within one			
year or			
on demand:			
Bank overdrafts	6,105,406	6,413,347	
Other loans	167,792		
	<u>6,273,198</u>	6,413,347	

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tritech Group Limited (Registered number:} \\ \textbf{05435846)} \end{array}$

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

20. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

Group		
		nce leases
	2019	2018 as
		restated
0 11 11	£	£
Gross obligations repayable: Within one year	1,162,475	1,307,627
Between one and five years	2,766,516	
	3,928,991	
T. 1		
Finance charges repayable: Within one year	159,460	126,548
Between one and five years	371,129	
J	530,589	297,718
Not obligations removable		
Net obligations repayable: Within one year	1,003,015	1,181,079
Between one and five years	2,395,387	
	3,398,402	3,372,246
Conserve		
Group	Non-c	cancellable
		ting leases
	$20\overline{1}9$	2018
		as restated
	£	£
Within one year	633,117	
Between one and five years	2,790,517	, ,
In more than five years	<u>1,859,167</u>	<u>3,005,833</u>

5,282,801

6,550,237

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

21. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	Group	
	2019	2018
		as
		restated
	£	£
Bank overdrafts	6,105,406	6,413,347
Finance leases	<u>3,398,402</u>	3,372,246
	9,503,808	9,785,593

The company's and group's bank overdrafts and bank loans are secured by fixed and floating charges

over the assets and undertakings of the company and are guaranteed by the group's trading

subsidiary undertakings.

The bank overdraft included in the group's subsidiary undertakings is secured by fixed and floating

charges over the assets and undertakings of those subsidiaries.

Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are secured by the assets to which they relate.

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

£'000000 £'000000 Financial assets	2019	2018
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised	9,473	9,192
cost	9,473	9,192
£'000000 £'000000 Financial liabilities	2019	2018
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(18,190) (18,190)	(17,688) (17,688)

Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost comprise trade debtors,

amounts owed by group undertakings and other debtors.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise bank loans and overdrafts, other loans,

trade creditors, finance leases, amounts owed by group undertakings and some other creditors.

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Tritech Group Limited (Registered number:} \\ \textbf{05435846)} \end{array}$

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

23. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

				G i 2019	r oup 2018
				£	as restated £
	Deferred tax Accelerated capital allowances Other timing differences			571,024 <u>8,508</u> 579,532	640,454 (8,554) 631,900
	Group				Deferred tax
	Balance at 1 April 2018 Accelerated capital allowances Other timing differences Balance at 31 March 2019				£ 631,900 (52,368) 579,532
24.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAI				<u> </u>
	Allotted, issued and fully paid: Number: Class:		Nominal value:	2019	2018 as restated
	5,764,076 Ordinary		£1	£ 5,764,076	£ <u>5,764,076</u>
25.	RESERVES				
	Group	Retained	Retained earnings	Other	
		earnings £	unrealised £	reserves £	Totals £
	At 1 April 2018 Prior year adjustment	(123,370) 884,414	1,058,455	124,000	2,190,239 (123,370) 2,066,869
	Profit for the year Transfer of realised reserves At 31 March 2019	1,266,789 152,166 2,303,369	(152,166) 906,289	124,000	1,266,789 - 3,333,658

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

25. **RESERVES - continued**

Company

Company	Retained earnings £	Other reserves £	Totals £
At 1 April 2018 Profit for the year	3,846,397 300,000	124,000	3,970,397 300,000
At 31 March 2019	4,146,397	124,000	4,270,397

26. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

	2019	2018
	£'000	£'000
Balance b/f	366	216
Share of profit on ordinary activities after taxation	228	150
Dividends paid to minority interest	(100)	-
Correction of balance	(18)	
	476	366

27. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held

separately from those of the group in an independently administered fund. The total contributions

payable during the year totalled £219,000 (2018 - £237,000). Contributions totalling £60,000 (2018 -

£45,000) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date.

28. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company's immediate parent company and UK parent company is Neterson Holdings Limited.

29. **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

Group

The group has charges over its assets, in the form of an all assets debenture, as security for the

borrowings of fellow group undertakings. At 31 March 2019 these borrowings amounted to

£5,402,000 (2018 - £5,879,000). As at the date of approval of these financial statements the

directors do not anticipate that the charges will be called upon.

Company

The company has charges over its assets, in the form of an all assets debenture, as security for the

borrowings of fellow group undertakings. At 31 March 2019 these borrowings amounted to

£11,198,000 (2018 - £11,904,000). As at the date of approval of these financial statements the

directors do not anticipate that the charges will be called upon.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

30. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year the group transacted with a company based in India which part owns the group. The

company paid management charges of £246,000 (2018 - £249,000) to this company and other costs

of £32,309 (2018 - £9,993). At the year end £60,000 (2018 - £NIL) was due to the related party.

During the year the group also transacted with another company based in India which part owns the

group. The group made purchases of £805,000 (2018 - £1,425,000) and incurred other costs of

£1,000 (2018 - £4,000) At the year end £281,000 (2018 - £16,000 (debtor) was due to this company.

During the year, a total of key management personnel compensation of £ 835,000,000 (2018 - £ 849,000,000) was paid.

31. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is F.D.Neterwala due to his controlling interest in the company's ultimate holding company, Chemical & Ferro Alloys Private Limited.

