

EEAT Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 May 2019

Finsbury Robinson Ltd
Accountants & Business Advisors
237 Westcombe Hill
Blackheath
London
SE3 7DW

EEAT Ltd

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EEAT Ltd

Company Information

Director Mr Robert Pearce

Registered office 237 Westcombe Hill
Blackheath
London
SE3 7DW

Accountants Finsbury Robinson Ltd
Accountants & Business Advisors
237 Westcombe Hill
Blackheath
London
SE3 7DW

**Accountants' Report to the Director on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of
EEAT Ltd
for the Year Ended 31 May 2019**

In accordance with your instructions, we have prepared the statutory accounts your approval for the year ended 31 May 2019 as set out on pages [3](#) to [8](#) from the company's accounting records and on the basis of information and explanations you have given to us.

You consider that EEAT Ltd is exempt from an audit for the year ended 31 May 2019. You have acknowledged, on the balance sheet, your responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Companies Act 2006, and for preparing the statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of its profit for the financial year.

We have not carried out an audit or any other review, and consequently we do not express any opinion on these financial statements.

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Finsbury Robinson Ltd
Accountants & Business Advisors
237 Westcombe Hill
Blackheath
London
SE3 7DW

28 February 2020

EEAT Ltd

(Registration number: 08552565)
Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	2,854	2,814
Current assets			
Stocks	4	36,000	36,000
Debtors		82,613	65,901
Cash at bank and in hand		36,350	14,706
		<hr/> 154,963	<hr/> 116,607
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		<hr/> (62,519)	<hr/> (77,838)
Net current assets		<hr/> 92,444	<hr/> 38,769
Total assets less current liabilities		95,298	41,583
Provisions for liabilities		(542)	-
Accruals and deferred income		<hr/> (43,332)	<hr/> -
Net assets		<hr/> <hr/> 51,424	<hr/> <hr/> 41,583
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	5	100	100
Profit and loss account		<hr/> 51,324	<hr/> 41,483
Total equity		<hr/> <hr/> 51,424	<hr/> <hr/> 41,583

For the financial year ending 31 May 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

The notes on pages [5](#) to [8](#) form an integral part of these abridged financial statements.

EEAT Ltd

**(Registration number: 08552565)
Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2019**

Approved and authorised by the director on 28 February 2020

.....
Mr Robert Pearce
Director

The notes on pages [5](#) to [8](#) form an integral part of these abridged financial statements.
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Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

237 Westcombe Hill
Blackheath
London
SE3 7DW

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 28 February 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2019

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Fixtures & Fittings	25% RRB
Computer Equipment	25% RRB
Motor Vehicles	25% RRB

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2019

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2019

3 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 June 2018	4,295	2,600	1,567	8,462
Additions	991	-	-	991
At 31 May 2019	5,286	2,600	1,567	9,453
Depreciation				
At 1 June 2018	1,481	2,600	1,567	5,648
Charge for the year	951	-	-	951
At 31 May 2019	2,432	2,600	1,567	6,599
Carrying amount				
At 31 May 2019	2,854	-	-	2,854
At 31 May 2018	2,814	-	-	2,814

4 Stocks

	2019 £	2018 £
Work in progress	36,000	36,000

5 Share capital**Allotted, called up and fully paid shares**

	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	100	100