TROUBADOR PUBLISHING LIMITED Financial Accounts 2019-10-31				
Company Registration No. 03233109 (England an	d Wales)			
TROUBADOR PUBLISHING LIMITED				
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS				
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019				
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR				

TROUBADOR PUBLISHING LIMITED Financial Accounts 2019-10-31

TROUBADOR PUBLISHING LIMITED **CONTENTS** Page Balance sheet 1 - 2 Notes to the financial statements 3 - 8

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2019

		2019		201	18
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		-		198
Tangible assets	4		70,315		102,613
Investments	5		653,335		638,606
			723,650		741,417
Current assets					
Stocks		2,475		2,475	
Debtors	6	101,970		118,251	
Cash at bank and in hand		807,474		881,865	
		911,919		1,002,591	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	7	(273,377)		(357,355)	
Net current assets			638,542		645,236
Total assets less current liabilities			1,362,192		1,386,653
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax liability		11,716		16,860	
			(11,716)		(16,860)
Net assets			1,350,476		1,369,793
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		100		100
Profit and loss reserves	Ü		1,350,376		1,369,693

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2019

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements

For the financial year ended 31 October 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12 May 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

J B Thompson **Director**

J M Rowland **Director**

Company Registration No. 03233109

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Troubador Publishing Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit 9 Priory Business Park, Wistow Road, Kibworth, Leicester, LE8 0RX.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts, on the basis that the group of which this is the parent qualifies as a small group. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 5 years.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery 15% on reducing balance Fixtures, fittings & equipment 15% on reducing balance Motor vehicles 25% straight line

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.7 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

1.9 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price.

1.10 Equity instruments

Share capital issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on share capital are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.11 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.12 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

1.13 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 24 (2018 - 25).

3 Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill
_	£
Cost	
At 1 November 2018 and 31 October 2019	994
Amortisation and impairment	
At 1 November 2018	796
Amortisation charged for the year	198
At 31 October 2019	994
Carrying amount	
At 31 October 2019	-
At 31 October 2018	198

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and Fixtures, fittings machinery & equipment		Motor vehicles	Total	
	£	£	£	£	
Cost					
At 1 November 2018	148,889	57,311	37,220	243,420	
Additions	4,714	10,492	-	15,206	
Disposals	(92,694)	(36,355)	<u> </u>	(129,049)	
At 31 October 2019	60,909	31,448	37,220	129,577	
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 November 2018	95,034	36,468	9,305	140,807	
Depreciation charged in the year	8,785	4,434	9,305	22,524	
Eliminated in respect of disposals	(74,851)	(29,218)		(104,069)	
At 31 October 2019	28,968	11,684	18,610	59,262	
Carrying amount					
At 31 October 2019	31,941	19,764	18,610	70,315	
At 31 October 2018	53,855	20,843	27,915	102,613	
					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

Fixed	asset investments			
			2019	2018
			£	£
Invest	tments		653,335	638,606
Move	ments in fixed asset investments			
		Shares in	Other	Total
		group	investments	
		undertakings	other than loans	
		£	£	£
Cost	or valuation			
At 1 N	November 2018	65,858	572,748	638,606
Valua	tion changes	-	19,245	19,245
Charg	ges net of income	-	(2,135)	(2,135)
Dispo	osals		(2,381)	(2,381)
At 31	October 2019	65,858	587,477	653,335
Carry	ying amount			
At 31	October 2019	65,858	587,477	653,335
At 31	October 2018	65,858	572,748	638,606
Debto	ors			
Amou	unts falling due within one year:		2019 £	2018 £
Trade	debtors		35,579	54,711
Other	debtors		66,391	63,540
			101,970	118,251

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2019

7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	-	2019	2018
		£	£
	Trade creditors	92,175	160,623
	Corporation tax	40,957	66,913
	Other taxation and social security	10,202	11,062
	Other creditors	130,043	118,757
		273,377	357,355
8	Called up share capital	2019	2018
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	55 A Ordinary shares of £1 each	55	55
	45 B Ordinary shares of £1 each	45	45
		100	100

The A Ordinary £1 shares and B Ordinary £1 shares have the rights and restrictions as set out in the Articles of Association.

