Registered number: 09313826

COPE ALLOYS LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

Cope Alloys Ltd Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

Contents	
	Page
Balance Sheet	1—2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3—6

Downloaded from Datalog http://www.datalog.co.uk

Cope Alloys Ltd Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2019

Registered number: 09313826

		201	9	2018	3
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	<u>3</u>		2,330		2,730
Investments	<u>4</u>		-		12,648
		_		_	
			2,330		15,378
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	<u>5</u>	305,334		392,726	
Cash at bank and in hand		505,189		431,262	
			-		
		810,523		823,988	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	<u>6</u>	(172,751)		(181,955)	
			-		
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			637,772		642,033
		-		_	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			640,102		657,411
		-		_	
NET ASSETS			640,102		657,411
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		=		=	
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>		12,700		12,700
Profit and Loss Account			627,402		644,711
		-		_	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			640,102		657,411
		=		=	

Cope Alloys Ltd Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 December 2019

For the year ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Davide Pescini

Director

23/05/2020

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Cope Alloys Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods. **Rendering of services**

TurnoveTafrogioble/frixeehabseitsgade saeaaseesistaeseistaeseshaesabagueafaelateseehaeseesabaguearanteehaesabaguearan estimateelesidoosaacataguearanteehaesabaguearanteehaesabaguearanteehaesabaguearanteehaesabaguearanteehaesabaguea contract cannot be estimated reliably.

Office Equipment

Computer Equipment

25% WDV 25% WDV

1.4. Foreign Currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Cope Alloys Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of commence because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using taxwertagetmathere beemplayeed, including dively consacted by the year of these following (2018).3) Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statement of commence to the extent that it is protected tax accompany difference tax against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficienCostable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tag tag tag is and is his to be asset realised, based on tax rates that are expected to apply is the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax rates within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset 1,850 reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are As at 1 January 2019 recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. 177 1,031

As at 31 December 2019	2,106	414	2,520
Net Book Value			
As at 31 December 2019	1,798	532	2,330
As at 1 January 2019	2,021	709	2,730

Cope Alloys Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

4. Investments		
		Listed
		£
Cost		
As at 1 January 2019		12,648
Disposals		(12,648)
As at 31 December 2019		-
Provision		
As at 1 January 2019		-
As at 31 December 2019		-
Net Book Value		
As at 31 December 2019		-
As at 1 January 2019		12,648
5. Debtors		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	285,275	284,159
Prepayments and accrued income	297	-
VAT recoverable	846	48,567
Loan to Penta Special Alloy S. Srl	18,916	15,500
Director Loan Account		44,500
	305,334	392,726
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
-	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	133,496	131,521
Corporation tax	26,690	23,916
Net wages	1,195	-
Loan from D Pescini	11,370	11,370
Loan Accounts	-	12,648
Accruals and deferred income	-	2,500
	172,751	181,955

Cope Alloys Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

7. Share Capital		
	2019	2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	12,700	12,700
20 Ordinary shares of £10 each £200 15,000 Ordinary shares of €1 each £12500		
8. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees		
Dividends paid to directors		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Mrs Claudia Carrisi	-	21,000
Mr Davide Pescini	72,194	23,500
Ms Claudia Carrisi	58,500	-

9. Ultimate Controlling Party

The company's ultimate controlling party is Mr Davide Pescini by virtue of his ownership of more than 75% but less than 50% of the issued share capital in the company.

10. General Information

Cope Alloys Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 09313826. The registered office is 93 Tabernacle Street, London, England, EC2A 4BA.