GLENGALL LIMITED

Filleted Accounts

30 November 2020

Registered number:

04579703

Balance Sheet

as at 30 November 2020

1	lotes		2020		2019
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	4		-		27,963
Tangible assets	5		5,362,552		5,423,790
Investments	6	_	-	_	-
			5,362,552		5,451,753
Current assets					
Stocks		-		9,244	
Debtors	7	1,163,957		1,028,140	
Investments held as current	•				
assets	8	-		-	
Cash at bank and in hand		727,422		409,149	
		1,891,379		1,446,533	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(1,086,813)		(675,976)	
	Ū	(1,000,010)		(0/0,0/0)	
Net current assets			804,566		770,557
Total assets less current liabilities		-	6,167,118	-	6,222,310
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(2,852,778)		(3,200,383)
Provisions for liabilities			-		-
Net assets		-	3,314,340	-	3,021,927
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Share premium			2		2
Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account	12		- 3,314,338		- 3,021,925
Shareholders' funds		-	3,314,340	-	3,021,927

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

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applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

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Director Approved by the board on 6 May 2021 Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 30 November 2020

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings	over 50 years
Leasehold land and buildings	over the lease term
Plant and machinery	over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	over 5 years

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

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Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Exceptional items	2020	2019
		£	£

3	Employees	2020 Number	2019 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	49	48
4	Intangible fixed assets Goodwill:		£
	Cost At 1 December 2019 Additions Disposals At 30 November 2020		27,963 - (27,963) -
	Amortisation At 1 December 2019 Provided during the year On disposals At 30 November 2020		- - - -
	Net book value At 30 November 2020 At 30 November 2019		27,963

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

5 Tangible fixed assets

5	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery etc £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost	£	£	£	£
At 1 December 2019	940,763	28,041	5,992,569	6,961,373
Additions	-	-	523,063	523,063
Surplus on revaluation	-	-	-	-
Disposals		(19,980)	(194,547)	(214,527)
At 30 November 2020	940,763	8,061	6,321,085	7,269,909
Depreciation				
At 1 December 2019	-	23,415	1,514,168	1,537,583
Charge for the year	9,407	1,612	490,061	501,080
Surplus on revaluation	-	-	-	-
On disposals		(19,859)	(111,447)	(131,306)
At 30 November 2020	9,407	5,168	1,892,782	1,907,357
Net book value				
At 30 November 2020	931,356	2,893	4,428,303	5,362,552

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Freehold land and buildings:			2020	2019
			£	£
Historical cost			-	-
Cumulative depreciation based on h	nistorical cost	-	-	-
			_	_

[For revalued assets, state the years in which the assets were valued and their values. For assets revalued during the reporting period, state the names of the persons who revalued them or particulars of their qualifications for doing so and the bases of valuation used by them.]

7	Debtors	2020 £	2019 £
	Trade debtors	1,039,479	907,120
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	-	-
	Deferred tax asset Other debtors	-	-
		124,478 1,163,957	121,020
		1,103,957	1,020,140
	Amounts due after more than one year included above		
9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2020	2019
		£	£
	Non-equity preference shares	-	-
	Bank loans and overdrafts	40,603	36,104
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	212,307	86,753
	Trade creditors	244,887	214,546
	Directors account	56	28
	Taxation and social security costs	539,507	292,002
	Other creditors	49,453	46,543
		1,086,813	675,976
10	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2020	2019
10	oreanois, amounts faming due aner one year	£	£
	Non-equity preference shares	-	-
	Bank loans	300,359	325,747
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	2,552,419	2,874,636
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in	-	-
	which the company has a participating interest	-	-
	Other creditors	-	-

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23 Other information

GLENGALL LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is: 61 TWICKENHAM ROAD

HOUNSLOW

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