**Red Spider Climbing Limited** 

Company No. 09467518

Information for Filing with The Registrar

**31 December 2020** 

The Directors present their report and the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2020.

## **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was operation of an inc wall.

### **Directors**

The Directors who served at any time during the year were as follows:

R.C. Murray S.J.P. Ray

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to compa the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

S.J.P. Ray Director 12 August 2021

at 31 December 2020

Company No. 09467518	Notes	2020
Fixed assets		£
Tangible assets	4	281,508
	_	281,508
Current assets		,
Stocks	5	16,216
Debtors	6	46,137
Cash at bank and in hand		744,077
	_	806,430
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	7	(137,601)
Net current assets	_	668,829
Total assets less current liabilities		950,337
Provisions for liabilities		
Deferred taxation	8 _	(41,084)
Net assets	_	909,253
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital		100
Profit and loss account	9	909,153
Total equity	<u> </u>	909,253

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit 1 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not deliver Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 12 August 2021 And signed on its behalf by:

S.J.P. Ray Director 12 August 2021

### for the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 1 General information

Its registered number is: 09467518

Its registered office is:

Unit 1A

225 Hook Rise South

Kingston

Surrey

KT67LD

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accounts are the nearest pound.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A - The Financ Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (March 2018) and the Companic

### 2 Accounting policies

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turn reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are sati

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownersh goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured relial

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered an passed.

### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fix determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment k such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to deterr extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or vathe estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Leasehold land and buildings 5% Straight line

Furniture, fittings and 25% Reducing balance

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs f reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are ta deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of asset liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computaxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible tempora can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of eac period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) the enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete a which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method most appropriate to th inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Overheads are charged to profit incurred. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the w loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal

Work in progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recordir and related costs as contract activity progresses.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amousing the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

### Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, incloans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured sub amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## **Defined contribution pensions**

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contrib a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations.

The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not paid are accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the compa independently administered funds.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a rel can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in the year that the ( becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at balance sheet expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and unce

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the base

### 3 Employees

	2020
	Number
The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:	16

## 4 Tangible fixed assets

		Fixtures
	Land and	fittings an
	buildings	equipmen
	£	
Cost or revaluation		
At 1 January 2020	385,812	33,488
At 31 December 2020	385,812	33,488
Depreciation		
At 1 January 2020	91,420	24,946
Charge for the year	19,290	2,136
At 31 December 2020	110,710	27,082
Net book values		
At 31 December 2020	275,102	6,406
At 31 December 2019	294,392	8,542
Stocks		
	2020	

## 5 S

	2020
	£
Raw materials and consumables	16,216
	16,216
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#### 6 Debtors

	2020
	£
Trade debtors	164
Other debtors	30,000
Prepayments and accrued income	15,973
	46,137

## 7 **Creditors:**

amounts falling due within one year

	2020
	£
Trade creditors	454
Other taxes and social security	63,467
Loans from directors	58,242
Other creditors	6,475
Accruals and deferred income	8,963
	137,601

## **8 Provisions for liabilities**

Deferred taxation

	Accelerated
	Capital
	Allowances,
	Losses and
	Other
	Timing
	Differences
	£
At 1 January 2020	44,282
Charge to the profit and loss account for the period	(3,198)
At 31 December 2020	41,084

### 9 Reserves

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and loss

## 10 Commitments

## Other financial commitments

-	2020
	£
Total commitments under non-cancellable	212,500
operating leases:	212,300