REGISTERED NUMBER: 09533916 (England and Wales)

<u>Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021</u>
<u>for</u>

Questpit Limited

Questpit Limited (Registered number: 09533916)

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Questpit Limited

<u>Company Information</u> <u>for the Year Ended 31 March 2021</u>

DIRECTORS: L A Kohler

D A Kohler R B Nagioff K S Nagioff P M Sugarman

REGISTERED OFFICE: 61 Conduit Street

London

United Kingdom

W1S 2GB

REGISTERED NUMBER: 09533916 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: J.D. Bregman & Co Limited

First Floor

Spitalfields House Stirling Way Borehamwood Hertfordshire WD6 2FX

Balance Sheet 31 March 2021

	Natas	31.3.21	31.3.20
CURRENT ACCETS	Notes	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS		450 704	454.060
Inventories		459,724	451,869
Debtors	4	-	3,618
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>360</u>	<u>3,193</u>
		460,084	458,680
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within	5	(480,945	(478,615
one year		,	,
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(20,861)	(19,935)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURREN	JT	<u>,==,==,</u> ,	<u>(12,222</u>)
LIABILITIES	••	<u>(20,861</u>)	<u>(19,935</u>)
LIABILITIES		<u>(20,861</u>)	<u>(19,933</u>)
CARTAL AND DECEDIVES			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	_		
Called up share capital	6	1	1
Retained earnings		<u>(20,862</u>)	<u>(19,936</u>)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>(20,861</u>)	<u>(19,935</u>)

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

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Questpit Limited (Registered number: 09533916)

Balance Sheet - continued 31 March 2021

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 2 November 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

D A Kohler - Director

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Questpit Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The directors have considered the company's financial resources and performance and believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully and that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Consequently, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at

transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and

preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the

arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 7 (2020 - 7).

4. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	31.3.21	31.3.20
	£	£
Other debtors	<u> </u>	<u>3,618</u>

5. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	21 2 21	31.3.20
	31.3.21	31.3.20
	£	£
Other creditors	<u>480,945</u>	<u>478,615</u>

6. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, is	ssued and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	31.3.21	31.3.20
		value:	£	£
1,000	Ordinary	0.001	1	1

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2021

7. **COVID-19**

The Covid-19 pandemic occurred during the accounting period. The directors have carefully considered the likely effect of the Covid-19 pandemic on the future performance of the company and consider that it is likely to have an adverse impact on this. However, the directors consider that the company has sufficient resources to enable it to remain in business for the foreseeable future.