UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Company Registration No. SC337346 (Scotland) PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

		2021	2	020
	Notes	£	3 3	£
Fixed assets				
Investments	5	2,000,00	0	2,000,000
Current assets				
Debtors	6	1,356	1,356	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one				
year	7	(1,100)	(1,100)	
Net current assets		25	6	256
Net assets		2,000,25		2,000,256
Net assets			=	2,000,200
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	8	8,75	0	8,750
Profit and loss reserves	-	1,991,50		1,991,506
			_	
Total equity		2,000,25	6	2,000,256
			=	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 2 November 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr Richard Johnstone **Director**

Company Registration No. SC337346

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Glenfairn (2008) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is 19 Crosbie Road, Troon, Ayrshire, KA10 6HE.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \mathfrak{L} .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small-sized group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemptions provided by section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group accounts.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.7 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Exceptional items

	2021	2020
	£	£
Expenditure		
Group loans written off	-	1,582,929
Capital reduction	-	(3,535,000)
	-	(1,952,071)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

4 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

		2021 Number	2020 Numbe
Total		-	
Fixed asset inves	etments	2021	2020
Shares in group u	ndertakings and participating interests	£ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000
Debtors			
	luo within one veen	2021 £	2020
Other debtors	lue within one year:	£ 1,356	1,356
Included within 'Ot	ther debtors' is the amount $\pounds1,356$ (2020 - $\pounds1,356$) due	from the directors.	
Creditors: amoun	ts falling due within one year	2021	202
		£	
Amounts owed to	group undertakings and undertakings in which a participating interest	100	10
			1,00
Other creditors		1,000	
		1,000	1,100
	apital	1,100	1,100
Other creditors	apital	1,100	2020
Other creditors Called up share c Ordinary share ca	apital	1,100 2021	2020
Other creditors	apital paid	1,100 2021	2020
Other creditors Called up share c Ordinary share ca Issued and fully p	apital paid	1,100 2021 £	2020 9 8,750
Other creditors Called up share c Ordinary share ca Issued and fully p	apital paid	1,100 2021 £ 8,750	1,100 2020 8,750 8,750
Other creditors Called up share c Ordinary share ca Issued and fully p	apital paid	1,100 2021 £ 8,750	2020 9 8,750

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

9 Events after the reporting date

As at the date on which the financial statements were approved, the financial implications arising from the Coronavirus (Covid-19) pandemic, which has effected the UK, continue to be uncertain. The directors have reviewed business operations and are of the opinion that the company remains a going concern.

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