Company Registration No. 06066134 (England and Wales)

SHOWCASE PSR LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		8,333		13,333
Tangible assets	4		4,088		7,339
			12,421		20,672
Current assets					
Debtors	5	447,659		564,443	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,090		361,826	
		450,749		926,269	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	6	(491,268)		(899,742)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(40,519)		26,527
Total assets less current liabilities			(28,098)		47,199
Provisions for liabilities			-		(1,400)
Net (liabilities)/assets			(28,098)		45,799
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		40,000		40,000
Profit and loss reserves			(68,098)		5,799
Total equity			(28,098)		45,799

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BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 10 December 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr N Boreham Director Mr D Griffin Director

Company Registration No. 06066134

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Showcase PSR Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Paslow Hall Farm Estate, King Street, High Ongar, Essex, CM5 9QZ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \mathfrak{L} .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

The company has net liabilities within the year, however the directors have confirmed that the company will continue to trade.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 3 years.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the cash-generating units expected to benefit from the acquisition. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment at least annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Computers

3 Years straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

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(Continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.12 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

1.13 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

1.14 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was: 8

Number Numb	
8	Total
	Intangible fixed assets
Goody	
	Cost
15,0	At 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021
	Amortisation and impairment
1,6	At 1 April 2020
5,0	Amortisation charged for the year
6,6	At 31 March 2021
	Carrying amount
8,3	At 31 March 2021
13,3	At 31 March 2020
—	
	Tangible fixed assets
Plant a machinery	Tangible fixed assets
	Tangible fixed assets
machinery	Cost
machinery of 10,5	Cost At 1 April 2020
machinery	Cost
machinery of 10,5	Cost At 1 April 2020
machinery (10,5 3	Cost At 1 April 2020 Additions
machinery (10,5 3	Cost At 1 April 2020 Additions At 31 March 2021 Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2020
machinery (10,5 3 10,9	Cost At 1 April 2020 Additions At 31 March 2021 Depreciation and impairment
machinery (10,5 3 10,9 3,2	Cost At 1 April 2020 Additions At 31 March 2021 Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2020
machinery (10,5 3 10,9 	Cost At 1 April 2020 Additions At 31 March 2021 Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2020 Depreciation charged in the year
machinery (10,5 3 10,9 	Cost At 1 April 2020 Additions At 31 March 2021 Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2020 Depreciation charged in the year At 31 March 2021
machinery (10,5 3 10,9 3,2 3,5 6,8	Cost At 1 April 2020 Additions At 31 March 2021 Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2020 Depreciation charged in the year At 31 March 2021 Carrying amount

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2020	2021			
5	£			Amounts falling due within one year:
495,667	412,157			Trade debtors
	1,230			Corporation tax recoverable
24,272	-			Amounts owed by group undertakings
44,504	34,272			Other debtors
564,443	447,659			
				Creditore, emplote felling due within one year
2020	2021			Creditors: amounts falling due within one year
£	£			
490,606	348,033			Trade creditors
339,401	51,794			Amounts owed to group undertakings
1,230	-			Corporation tax
35,335	59,375			Other taxation and social security
33,170	32,066			Other creditors
899,742	491,268			
2020	2021	2020	2021	Called up share capital
2020 £	£	Number	Number	Ordinary share capital
				Issued and not fully paid
16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	Ordinary A shares of £1 each
16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	Ordinary B shares of £1 each
8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	Ordinary C shares of £1 each
40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000	
				Related party transactions
				Balances with related parties
	Amounts ov	•	Amounts	
	related pa		related p 2021	
2020	2021 £	2020 £	2021 £	
£				
£ 339,401	6,915	24,272	213,529	All Related Parties

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

9 Directors' transactions

At the year end, the director's owed £3,333 (2020: £1,286) to the company.

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SHOWCASE PSR LIMITED Financial Accounts 2021-03-31