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Alfieco Limited

Company No. 08319259

Information for Filing with The Registrar

30 September 2021

AJam Director presents his report and the accounts for the year ended 30 Septembe

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was the special management and servicing of trading units, promoting the business of multiple sn enterprises focussed on art and antiques.

Director

The Director who served at any time during the year was as follows:

S.B. Gray

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable t subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2

Signed on behalf of the board

S.B. Gray Director 28 September 2022

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Apat 80 September 2021 Company No. 08319259	Notes	2021 £
Fixed assets	_	
Intangible assets	5	2,675
Tangible assets	6	10,185,91 5
		10,188,59 0
Current assets		Ū
Debtors	7	1,859,682
Cash at bank and in hand	_	389,540
		2,249,222
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	8_(12,086,85
Net current liabilities	(9,837,630)
Total assets less current liabilities		350,960
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than Provisions for liabilities	9	-
Deferred taxation	10	(30,000)
Net assets	_	320,960
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital		1
Profit and loss account	11	320,959
Total equity	_	320,960

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions appl companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 30 September 2021 the company was entitled to exemption frounder section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance wit 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requireme Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of acc

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 28 September 2022 And signed on its behalf by:

S.B. Gray Director 28 September 2022

Afgrhthe year ended 30 September 2021

1 General information

Its registered number is: 08319259 Its registered office is: Unit UG03 Zellig Gibb Street Birmingham B9 4AT

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accc rounded to the nearest pound.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A - The Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (March 2018) *a* Companies Act 2006.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant account policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial st set out below. These policies have been applied to all years presented, unless o stated.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using historical cost convention as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Going concern and COVID-19

The Director has considered the consequences of Covid-19 and other events an and has determined there is not material uncertainty that casts significant douk entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

There has been a decrease in revenue due to concessions given, however, the k made use of all the special assistance and grants provided by Government and all the necessary reductions in expenditure, where possible, to ease cash flow. *i* these accounts were prepared, the company is not giving any revenue concessi income is back to the level it was pre-Covid.

Departure from requirements of FRS 102

The cost of freehold land and buildings is required to be depreciated over its ec useful life. The director has decided that, having regard to the nature of the buil location in a prime site, its residual value is expected to be no lower than its cur amount. Consequently, it has not been depreciated in these accounts.

Reclassification of comparative amounts

Amounts owed by group undertakings disclosed in the prior year have been re-Other Debtors, as the balance did not relate to a group company.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivak is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowance

Apachatangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and im losses.

Asset class	Amortisation method and rate
Intangible fixed assets	33.33% straight line

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less acc depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the c valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated usef

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Freehold buildings% not depreciatedLeasehold land and buildings15% reducing balance

Plant and machinery

33.33% reducing balance

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferr

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or e are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or ded Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been e substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised f temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all dedu differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amo deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expecte the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rate laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporti-

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive in directly in equity respectively.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter state amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for k doubtful debts.

Apacherade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabil including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction cost measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Defined contribution pensions

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A definec plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into *a* entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payr obligations.

The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separate company in independently administered funds.

Government Grants

National and local government grants for capital expenditure are shown in the sheet as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the u the asset. Grants for revenue expenditure are recognised as income in the peric costs are incurred.

Provisions

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of econc and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in the year Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estim balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking ir relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried balance sheet.

3 Change in length of the reporting period

The reporting period in 2020 was extended to 18 months due to Covid-19 and month period; therefore the comparatives are not comparable.

4 Employees

	2021
	Number
The average monthly number of employees	5
(including directors) during the year was:	J

<u>www.datalog.co.uk</u> Aəəcillən fixed assets

	Othe
Cost	
At 1 October 2020	25,83
Additions	59!
At 30 September 2021	26,43
Amortisation and	
impairment	
At 1 October 2020	15,07 ⁻
Charge for the year	8,68
At 30 September 2021	23,75
Net book values	
At 30 September 2021	2,67!
At 30 September 2020	10,76

6 Tangible fixed assets

Land and buildings £	Fixture fittinc an equipmer
10,035,649	400,81
<u> </u>	93(
10,035,649	401,75!
- - - -	219,26 32,228 251,489
10,035,649	150,260
10,035,649	181,55
	buildings £ 10,035,649

7 Debtors

	2021
	£
Trade debtors	79,469
Amounts owed by group undertakings	199,508
Other debtors	1,555,441
Prepayments and accrued income	25,264
	1,859,682

Apachereditors:

amounts falling due within one year	
amound failing due within one year	2021 £
Trade creditors	د 16,286
Amounts owed to group undertakings	11,866,376
Corporation tax	13,000
Loans from directors	94,618
Other creditors	84,210
Accruals and deferred income	12,362
	12,086,852
9 Creditors:	
amounts falling due after more than one	
	2021
	£
Accruals and deferred income	
10 Provisions for liabilities Deferred taxation	

Deferred taxation

	Accelerate d Capital Allowance s, Losses and Other Timing Difference
	S
	£
At 1 October 2020	30,000
At 30 September 2021	30,000
	2021 £
Other timing differences	30,000
	30,000

11 Reserves

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits a

12 Advances and credits from directors

Included within Other Creditors is the following loans from a director:

		At 1		
		October		
Director	Description	2020	Advanced	Repaid
		£	£	
		(24,125)	(70,493)	

Transactions with related parties

Name of related party Description of relationship between the parties Description of transaction and general amounts involved Amount due from/(to) the related	Ardco Limited The company is owned and controlled the director S B Gray An interest free loan of £1,500,000 was advanced to Ardco in 2013 and subsequently a further £54,941 has been advanced (2019 £1,554,941). The loan is repayable on demand.	1,554,94 ⁻
Name of related party Description of relationship between the parties	Antique Hypermarket Limited The company is a fellow subsidiary	
Description of transaction and general amounts involved	f The company operates an interest free inter company loan. It is repayable on demand	
Amount due from/(to) the relat	ted party	(2,290,01)
Name of related party Description of relationship between the parties	Mormor Limited The company is the parent	
•	An interest free loan was advanced in January 2013 to facilitate the purchase of the freehold property from the parent company. It is repayable on demand.	
Amount due from/(to) the relat	ted party	(9,377,30)

Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company is a 100% owned subsidiary.

The company's immediate parent is Mormor Limited, incorporated in England. The most senior parent entity producing publicly available financial statements Limited. The ultimate controlling party is Mr S B Gray.