Tawanna Limited

Company No. 11822228

Information for Filing with The Registrar

28 February 2022

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was .

Director

The Director who served at any time during the year was as follows:

D. Masenyama

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable 1 subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2 Signed on behalf of the board

D. MasenyamaDirector28 February 2022

TAWANNA LIMITED Financial Accounts 2022-02-28

Company No. 11822228	Notes	2022 £
Fixed assets		_
Tangible assets	4	16,493
		16,493
Current assets		
Cash at bank and in hand		452
		452
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	5 _	(30,920)
Net current liabilities		(30,468)
Total assets less current liabilities		(13,975)
Net liabilities		(13,975)
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital		100
Profit and loss account	6	(14,075)
Total equity	_	(13,975)

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions appl companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 28 February 2022 the company was entitled to exemption fron section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance wit 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requireme Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of acc

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 28 February 2022 And signed on its behalf by:

D. Masenyama Director 28 February 2022 1 **General information**

Its registered number is: 11822228

Its registered office is:

1 William Street

Redfield

Bristol

BS5 9EF

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accc rounded to the nearest pound.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A - The Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (March 2018) a Companies Act 2006.

2 Accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receival is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowance

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions satisfied:

• the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of of the

goods;

• the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degre associated

with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will fl Company;

and

• the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are deliv legal title is passed.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and im losses.

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferr

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or ded Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been e substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised f temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all dedudifferences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expecte the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rate laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporti

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive in directly in equity respectively.

Freehold investment property

Investment properties are revalued annually and any surplus or deficit is dealt the profit and loss account.

No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties.

Investments

Unlisted investments are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transsubsequent to initial recognition, any changes in fair value are recognised in pr

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to cost. Costs, which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method mappropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis are charged to profit or loss as incurred. Net realisable value is based on the esselling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an ϵ the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an experiod in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of an down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Work in progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by revenue and related costs as contract activity progresses.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter state amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for k doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilincluding bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction cost measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Foreign currencies

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accc rounded to the nearest pound.

Transactions in currencies, other than the functional currency of the Company, at the rate of exchange on the date the transaction occurred. Monetary items do in other currencies are translated at the rate prevailing at the end of the reportion differences are taken to the profit and loss account. Non-monetary items that at historic cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease.

Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownersh Company are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Compa fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the mipayments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sh finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance expreduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on 1 remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they capitalised in accordance with the Company's policy on borrowing costs (see th policy above).

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated in the same way as owned ass

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis lease term.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, suare recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised a of rental expense on a straight-line basis.

Defined contribution pensions

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into ϵ entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payr obligations.

The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separate company in independently administered funds.

Provisions

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of econc and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in the year Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estim balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking ir relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried balance sheet.

	2022 Number
The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:	0

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Motc vehicle
Cost or revaluation	
At 1 March 2021	16,49:
At 28 February 2022	16,49
Depreciation	
Net book values	
At 28 February 2022	16,49
At 28 February 2021	16,493
Creditors:	
amounts falling due within one year	
	2022
	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	-
Corporation tax	<u>-</u>
Other creditors	30,920
Accruals and deferred income	-
	30,920

6 **Reserves**

5

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits a

7 **Dividends**

	2022
Dividende for the maried	£
Dividends for the period: Dividends paid in the period	
Dividends paid in the period	
Dividends by type:	
Equity dividends	
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