

**RSW CHAUFFEURS LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

Grant-Jones Accountancy Ltd

Rsw Chauffeurs Limited
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

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Rsw Chauffeurs Limited
Balance Sheet
As at 31 March 2022

Registered number: 08411637

	Notes	2022		2021	
		£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		39,554		52,739
			39,554		52,739
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	4	25,022		5,894	
Cash at bank and in hand		152,673		153,295	
		177,695		159,189	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	5		(26,997)		(9,846)
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			150,698		149,343
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			190,252		202,082
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	6		(48,654)		(54,812)
NET ASSETS			141,598		147,270
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	7		1		1
Profit and Loss Account			141,597		147,269
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			141,598		147,270

Rsw Chauffeurs Limited
Balance Sheet (continued)
As at 31 March 2022

For the year ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Russell Wood

Director

6th July 2022

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Rsw Chauffeurs Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

1. Accounting Policies**1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided as follows: calculated on the cost of the asset, less its estimated residual value, over its expected useful lives on the following bases:

Motor Vehicles	over 5 years
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1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

7. Average Number of Employees

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting

consequences that would follow from the manner in which the company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Rsw Chauffeurs Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

3. Tangible Assets

	Motor Vehicles
	£
Cost	
As at 1 April 2021	116,828
As at 31 March 2022	116,828
Depreciation	
As at 1 April 2021	64,089
Provided during the period	13,185
As at 31 March 2022	77,274
Net Book Value	
As at 31 March 2022	39,554
As at 1 April 2021	52,739

4. Debtors

	2022	2021
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	25,022	5,894
	25,022	5,894

5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	3,839	889
Corporation tax	14,080	4,296
Other taxes and social security	-	158
VAT	6,278	2,053
Accruals and deferred income	2,800	2,450
	26,997	9,846

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans	42,094	50,000
Directors loan account	6,560	4,812
	48,654	54,812

7. Share Capital

	2022	2021
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1	1

Rsw Chauffeurs Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 March 2022

8. General Information

Rsw Chauffeurs Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 08411637. The registered office is Camberley House, 1 Portesbery Road, Camberley, Surrey, GU15 3SZ.